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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Forms, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

DAY OF THANKSGIVING.

President Proclaims Thursday, November 24, as the Day of Rejoicing.

GIVE THANKS FOR VICTORY.

Unusual Cause For Thanksgiving This Year—We Are Blessed by Abundant Harvests and Trade and Commerce Have Wonderfully Increased—Gratitude For National Prosperity.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President has issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

By the President of the United States.

A PROCLAMATION.

The approaching November brings to mind the custom of our ancestors, hallowed by time and rooted in our most sacred traditions, of giving thanks to Almighty God for all the blessings He has vouchsafed to us during the past year.

Few years in our history have afforded such cause for thanksgiving as this. We have been blessed by abundant harvests, our trade and commerce have been wonderfully increased, our public credit has been improved and strengthened, all sections of our common country have been brought together and knitted into closer bonds of National purpose and unity.

The skies have been for a time darkened by the cloud of war, but as we were compelled to take up the sword in the cause of humanity we are permitted to rejoice that the conflict has been of so brief duration and the losses we have had to mourn, though grievous and important, have been so few, considering the great results accomplished, as to inspire us with gratitude and praise to the Lord of Hosts. We may hail and magnify His holy name that the cessation of hostilities came so soon as to spare both sides the countless sorrows and disasters that attend protracted war.

I do therefore invite all my fellow-citizens, as well those at home as those who may be at sea or sojourning in foreign lands, to set apart and observe Thursday, the 24th day of November, as a day of National thanksgiving, to come together in their several places of worship, for a service of praise and thanks to Almighty God for all the blessings of the year, for the mildness of the seasons and the fruitfulness of the soil, for the continued prosperity of the people, for the devotion and valor of our countrymen, for the glory of our victory and the hope of a righteous peace, and to pray that the Divine guidance which has brought us heretofore to safety and honor may be graciously continued in the years to come.

In witness whereof, etc.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

By the President.
JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

GENERAL KITCHENER IN LONDON.

He Received a Tremendous Welcome on His Return From the Soudan.

LONDON (By Cable).—General Lord Kitchener, of Khartoum, arrived here Thursday afternoon and was greeted by the Commander-in-Chief of the British forces, General Lord Wolseley, and other high military officials. The Grenadiers formed a guard of honor at the railroad station, and General Kitchener received an ovation from the enormous throngs of

GENERAL LORD KITCHENER.

people assembled to welcome him back from Egypt. The scene of enthusiasm was almost unprecedented.

The crowds at the Victoria Station of the London, Chatham and Dover Railway were so dense that the police were unable to cope with them. The barriers and the police cordon were carried away together and the multitude surged into the reserved portion of the station.

As the Sirdar issued from the royal waiting room, expecting to step into his carriage, he found himself confronted with an impenetrable mass, cheering, gesticulating and shouting "Bravo, Herbert! God bless you, my boy!" "Cheers for the avenger of Gordon!" and kindred cries. His face beamed with pleasure at the popular greeting.

SPANISH COLONEL A THIEF.

Cuban Planter's Oxen Confiscated in Violation of Blanco's Decree.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—During these last few weeks Spanish rule on the Island has been marked by unbridled corruption and license on the part of every man in power.

One of the most blatant instances is that of a Spanish Colonel, who, in open violation of General Blanco's decree forbidding the confiscation of cattle, went to a rich tobacco planter in the Province of Pinar del Rio, and, under the threat of force took a hundred yoke of oxen, pretending that he needed food for his hungry men.

The planter set a trap for the Colonel. He sent an emissary with an offer to buy cattle from the officer, who sold him fifty yoke and gave him a bill of sale. With this documentary evidence the planter made a formal protest to General Hernandez de Velasco, Spanish Military Governor of the Province, who shrugged his shoulders, replying that it was an obvious theft, but that he could do nothing.

New Mexico and Statehood.

Governor Miguel A. Otero, of New Mexico in his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior, Washington, vigorously renews his representations for the early admission of New Mexico to Statehood and portrays the undeveloped resources of the Territory awaiting capital. He estimates the total population of the Territory now at 282,000 including an Indian population of 25,900.

Yellow Fever Quarantine Abolished.

The Mississippi State Board of Health has taken off all yellow fever quarantines All refugees can now return.

Cycling Notes.

Austria made 70,000 bicycles in 1897.

Accidents are singularly few and far between among cyclists.

The total membership of the L. A. W. is approaching the 100,000 mark.

The number of bicyclists in Berlin, Germany, is estimated at 80,000. Vienna, Austria, has only about 35,000.

A new folding bicycle has seen the light of day, probably to close its eyes soon in the night of oblivion. It has been heralded as a boon to tourists.

A new tire has been made in England, which is almost entirely built up of cork with a thin rubber casting, and its inventor claims that it is just as light and just as fast as an air tire.

A REVISION FOR DREYFUS.

The Court of Cassation Will Institute a Supplementary Inquiry.

THE PRISONER NOT RELEASED.

There Was No Public Excitement When the Decision Was Made Public—The Next Step for the Prisoner Outlined—What the Verdict of the Court Means—Esterhazy Loses Legion of Honor.

PARIS, France (By Cable).—The Court of Cassation has decided to grant a revision of the Dreyfus case, and will institute a supplementary inquiry. The court, however, has not ordered the release of Dreyfus.

The decision created no public excitement, and complete tranquillity prevailed on the streets.

M. Yves Guyot, in the Siecle, asserted that the secret documents in the Dreyfus case were burned some days ago.

The decision of the court, textually, is as follows:

"In view of the letter of the Minister of Justice, dated September 29, 1898, in view of the arguments of the Public Prosecutor denouncing to the court the condemnation pronounced by the first court-martial of the military government of Paris on December 22, 1894, against Alfred Dreyfus, then a Captain of Artillery attached to the General Staff, in view of all the documents in the case, and also of Articles 443 to 446 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, amended by the law of June 10, 1895, relative to the admissibility of an application in proper form for revision;

"Whereas, The matter has been brought before the court by the Public Prosecutor,

ISLE DU DIABLE, WHERE FORMER CAPTAIN DREYFUS IS CONFINED.

in virtue of the express order of the Minister of Justice;

"Whereas, The application comes within the category of the cases contemplated in Article 443, and has been introduced within the period fixed by Article 444;

"Whereas, The judgment, a revision of which is demanded, has the force of a chose jugee;

"Whereas, The documents produced do not place the court in a position to decide all the merits of the case, and there is ground for making a supplementary inquiry;

"For these reasons the court declares the application to be in proper form and legally admissible, and states that it will institute a supplementary inquiry and declares there is no ground at the present moment for deciding on the Public Prosecutor's application for a suspension of the penalty."

The Judges of the court were occupied for three hours and a half in considering the judgment.

Although the liberation of Dreyfus was not ordered, the court can order him brought to France at any moment, and will probably do so at an early stage of the inquiry.

The court refained from ordering his release because it would have been a presumption of his innocence.

Comte Esterhazy, it is reported, has written to several Generals demanding money, under threats of exposure. The Figaro announces that Comte Esterhazy has been deprived of his membership in the Legion of Honor.

Most of the Paris papers approve the decision of the Court of Cassation, although the Gaulois and the Eclair declare that even now the outcome of the case is by no means certain. The Liberte bows to the decision, but does not think it will end the agitation.

The "supplementary inquiry," which the Cour de Cassation has decided to institute in regard to the Dreyfus case, means that the criminal branch of the court before which M. Bard has explained the worth of the Dreyfus dossier, will weigh the legal aspect of the evidence presented before the court-martial to determine whether from such evidence Dreyfus was justly convicted.

Should the Judges determine that the evidence did not justify conviction, the sentence will be set aside. If they are in doubt, they may recommend to the Minister of Justice that the question of reasonable doubt demands another trial; or they may sustain the sentence of the court-martial.

COLONEL WARING DEAD.

He Dies From Yellow Fever Contracted While Investigating Cuban Cities.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Colonel Geo. E. Waring, Jr., died from yellow fever at his home in this city, which he contracted while in Cuba. He died the death that he sought to avert from others in Cuban cities and within the yellow fever zone in the United States. Five hours after his death the Board of Health had taken his body and had it cremated.

President McKinley sent Colonel Waring to Havana and other cities in Cuba as a Special Commissioner to formulate plans for placing them in such sanitary condition that the danger of yellow fever epidemics would be reduced to the minimum. He returned from Cuba on the Yucatan and intended to go to Washington to make his report to the President. But, upon the advice of his physician, he took to his bed, a sick man. He soon developed yellow fever and sank rapidly, dying from a disease he had fought all his life.

Colonel Waring was born in Poundridge, New York, July 4, 1833. He studied agricultural chemistry, and for a time managed Horace Greeley's farm, at Chappaqua. He served in the army during the Civil War. He has chiefly devoted himself to the professional practice of drainage engineer. He was most prominent, however, as Street Commissioner of this city, under the administration of former Mayor Strong.

Woman Killed by a Friend.

Mrs. Emma Hibbetts, wife of George Hibbetts, of Long Branch, N. J., was shot and killed at her home by Harry Brooks, a friend. The affair was at first believed to have been a murder, but Brooks claims that it was accidental. There is no known motive for an intentional shooting. Brooks was placed in the county jail at Freehold.

Santiago Customs Receipts.

The Santiago customs receipts for September were $39,233.81. It is expected that the receipts for October will exceed $100,000.

The Labor World.

Boston tanners will reorganize.

Baku, Russia, has 100 oil refineries.

San Francisco has a printers' political club.

Manila cigarmakers demand a four-day week.

Nashville newspaper typesetters enjoy the eight-hour day.

There is a cigar factory in the Columbus (Ohio) penitentiary.

The new Plasterers' Union, of Brooklyn, has increased its initiation fee to five dollars.

Ninety-five per cent. of the members of a Boston Building Laborers' Union are employed.

THE KAISER AT JERUSALEM.

His Spectacular Entry Into the City Amid the Roar of Cannon.

JERUSALEM (By Cable).—The approach of their German Imperial Majesties to the city on Saturday was made through triumphal arches and amid banners, garlands, and ever-growing crowds, displaying in every way their enthusiasm and delight.

EMPEROR WILLIAM OF GERMANY.

The formal entry through the Jaffa Gate was heralded by the roar of guns at the citadel, where the Turkish band played the German anthem.

From the Tower of David Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria proceeded on foot amid wild cheering to the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, where they were received by the Catholic Greek and Armenian clergy, whose Patrun presented addresses eulogizing the devotion of Emperor William, who has since conferred decorations upon the Patriarchs. Their Majesties then proceeded to the German Evangelical Church, where the pastor presented an address. In the evening a reception was held at the German Consulate, and later there was a general illumination of the city, with a display of fireworks.

Emperor William has sent his portrait in brilliants to Fewfik Pasha, Turkish Ambassador to Germany, who was among the high Ottoman dignitaries that received the Emperor and Empress in Constantinople.

LITTLE CHILD A MURDERER.

Picked Up Loaded Revolver in Brother's Room and Used It as a Plaything.

NEWBURG, N. Y. (Special).—Bertha Veach, the four-year-old daughter of Ely Veach, shot and killed her playmate, Mabel Warren, six years old, a few days ago, at Middlehope, near this city.

The Veach and Warren families occupy a large double house. Ely Veach, a brother of the little one who killed her friend, had a thirty-two calibre revolver which was loaded. It had been left on a table in his room. Little Bertha went into the room and picked up the weapon. Then she went across the hallway to the apartments of the Warrens and started to play with the four Warren children, of whom the eldest was Mabel.

They played with the revolver for some time, when Bertha picked it up, and, pointing it at Mabel, pulled the trigger. The bullet crashed into the child's forehead and she fell to the floor.

CREW OF SIXTEEN LOST.

Cleveland Steamer L. R. Doty Sunk in Lake Michigan.

CLEVELAND, Ohio (Special).—The steamer L. F. Doty, with sixteen aboard, has gone down on Lake Michigan with all hands on board. The Doty left Chicago with a tow, and has not been heard from since. She is owned by the Cleveland Transit Company. The owners received the following dispatch from Chicago:

The fate of the Cleveland steamer L. R. Doty, reported lost twenty-five miles off Kenosha, Wis., is no longer in doubt. Pieces of wreckage were brought to the Chicago Life Saving Station and positively identified as having been a portion of the lost vessel.

No tidings of the crew have been received, but the life savers are firm in the belief that the sixteen men who took the vessel out of Chicago have perished.

OMAHA EXPOSITION SCANDAL.

The Assistant Manager of Exhibits Arrested For Forgery.

OMAHA, Neb. (Special).—H. B. Hardt, assistant manager of the Exhibits Department and General Superintendent of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition, has been arrested on two warrants charging him with forgery.

The warrants for Hardt's arrest were sworn to by H. S. Cochrane, representing Scofield S. Shumer and H. A. Searle, of the Monarch Mining Company.

Just before the awards were made a certain element among the exhibitors held an informal meeting, in which Hardt was publicly presented with a purse containing over $1000. When the award list was examined the discovery was made, so it is alleged, that many of those who contributed drew prizes.

No Blame For Mine Officers.

The Coroner's jury, which met at Carlinville, Ill., holding an inquest on the bodies of nine of the victims of the riot at Virden on October 12, between miners and guards of the Calcago-Virden Coal Company, has returned a verdict. The verdict in each instance was that death was due by gunshot wounds inflicted by weapons in the hands of persons unknown to the jury. No one was censured, and no recommendations were made to the Grand Jury, which will meet and investigate the causes of the riot.

Killed By a Boiler Explosion.

Three men were instantly killed and one fatally hurt by the explosion of a big 1000-horsepower boiler in the Calumet and Hecla Stamp Mills, at Lake Linden, Mich. John Gillies, William Mellon and William Boyer were killed and Daniel Lafrenier badly wounded by flying debris. The boiler had recently been tested and pronounced perfectly safe.

Plague Raging in Samarkand.

It is now recognized that the epidemic prevailing at Samarkand, Turkestan, is the true plague. The mortality is high.

Choice Siftings.

America has 22,000 periodicals.

Boston has a municipal telephone exchange.

A heavy grain acreage is indicated in California the coming season.

The guns recovered from Cervera's ships are said to be worth $300,000.

The fruit crop in Washington and Oregon is estimated to be worth $1,000,000.

German postoffice employes are not permitted to marry without the special permission of the Government.

The latest statistical report of the Christian Endeavor Society shows a total of 54,476 societies, with an aggregate membership of 3,363,560.

ONE MAN SHOOTS ELEVEN

A Wisconsin Workman's Revenge Upon Practical Jokers.

BROUGHT DOWN BY A BULLET.

He Yields Only When Wounded by an Expert Marksman Under the City Marshal's Direction—Had Long Been Ridiculed by His Fellow Workmen—Went on a Shooting Spree.

BEAVER DAM, Wis. (Special).—Adam Hammer, an employe of the J. S. Rowell Manufacturing Company, went gunning on Tuesday for human game, and as a result eleven men bear wounds from his aim, and he is in jail with a bullet in his shoulder.

Hammer is a young married man, and has been employed in the Rowell shops for several years. He had long being the butt for practical jokes and upon resenting one on Tuesday he got into a fight with and was worsted by Wilbur Bennett. He became very angry and went to the office and demanded his pay, which he failed to get. His wrath increased and he went out and rented a gun, saying he was going duck hunting.

Hammer went straight back to the shops and began shooting at every one in sight. His first victim was Theodore B. Rowell, one of the firm, son of J. S. Rowell, who received a charge of shot in the forehead and face, making, however, only slight wounds. Soon all was excitement.

Shot after shot was heard, and others began to feel effects of the lead. Guns began to appear in the hands of others, and the City Marshal also appeared, but Hammer evaded capture for over an hour. As fast as some one would appear in sight he would drop on his knee, take deliberate aim, and fire.

Finally the situation became desperate, and it was decided that he must be shot or taken into custody without further delay. Lieutenant Arthur Tibbits, who has recently returned from Porto Rico, and who is an expert marksman, was selected to bring him down.

A thirty-two calibre rifle was placed in the Lieutenant's hands and Marshal Powderly ordered him to shoot, but not fatally if he could avoid it. The bullet lodged in Hammer's right shoulder and he was seen to fall. He rolled away from his gun, after which he was speedily taken charge of by the Marshal.

The wounded are: William Chatfield, shot in leg; John Gerga, shot in face; William Giese, shot in face and neck; J. E. Lyons, Justice of the Peace, shot in the right eye, which he may lose. He went to Milwaukee for an operation. Carl Marquardt, shot in leg; Michael Neiman, dangerously wounded in leg and hip; Marshal Edward Powderly, received two shots in the face, one penetrating his lip; Theodore B. Rowell, shot in the face and head; C. W. Schlaebetz, several shots through hat and in forehead. Two others receive scratches. Hammer was taken to the city lock-up.

Murder Follows Accidental Shooting.

IRWIN, Penn. (Special).—While out hunting with four companions, Joe Boleti, an Italian coal miner, accidentally discharged his weapon, and some of the shot entered the body of John Macholl, one of the party. The accident frightened Boleti and he started to run, when, without a word, Macholl raised his gun and shot him through the heart.

A HUSBAND'S HORRIBLE SUICIDE.

Charles Bachellor Fired His House and Perished in the Flames.

HOLYOKE, Mass. (Special).—While temporarily insane, Charles Bachellor drove his wife and six-year-old grandchild from their little home near South Hadley, a few days ago, set fire to the house, and concluded by shooting himself with a rifle, his body burning in the flames of the house.

Bachellor was fifty-eight years old, and for two years had occupied a small farm two miles from South Hadley Centre. He came to Holyoke on the day of the tragedy, leaving his wife and grandchild in the house. He returned about five o'clock and began abusing his wife, finally seizing a chair, with which he drove her and his grandchild from the house. Mrs. Bachellor took refuge with a neighbor.

After Mrs. Bachellor had left her husband he set in his kitchen and wrote a letter. This he placed in an old cap, which he left outside the house that it might not be burned. Going to the stable he released his horse. Then, throwing oil over the floor, he set the stable on fire. It was then after midnight.

Bachellor then returned to his home and loaded his rifle. He collected a pile of papers and set it afire, then went to his bedroom and shot himself with the rifle.

The glare of the burning house awakened Clarence Dickinson, a neighbor, an hour later. He ran to the house, but the flames were so well developed that nothing could be done to prevent the destruction of the house. Bachellor's body was found in the ruins and was unrecognizable.

A STREET SET ON FIRE.

Heavy Curbstones Cracked and Chipped and Shade Trees Injured.

PATERSON, N. J. (Special).—In celebrating Halloween boys on the east side upset a barrel of lubricating oil belonging to a construction company which is asphalting Van Houten street. The oil flowed along the curb of a portion of the street which had just hardened. The boys set fire to the sheet of oil and soon all the length of the block was aflame, extending at one point to the centre of the street, where the barrel had stood. Engine Company No. 7 put out the blaze. The asphalt melted down to the concrete foundation and will have to be reset. The heavy blue stone curbs were cracked and chipped for a distance of seventy-five feet, and shade trees along the sidewalk were badly damaged. The construction company will suffer heavily.

The Farragut Launched.

The Admiral Farragut, the fourth and last of the big steamships under course of construction for the American Mail Steamship Company, was successfully launched from Cramp's shipyard at Philadelphia a few days ago.

Guarding Against the Bubonic Plague.

Owing to the outbreak of the bubonic plague in some portions of Europe, Washington authorities have ordered that all steerage passengers from Vienna, Austria, be quarantined for two weeks.

Lockjaw Patient Entirely Well.

George Willey, of Etna, N. J., who contracted lockjaw and was cured at the hospital at Hackensack by the injection of tetanus antitoxine into his stomach, has been discharged from the hospital as completely cured. Dr. Zabriski, of Westwood, and Dr. St. John, of Hackensack, who treated him, both pronounced him perfectly well.

Favorable English Comments.

English comments on the demand for the Philippines were favorable to the Americans.

Personal Mention.

Viceroy George Curzon's new barony is the first Irish peerage that has been created in thirty years.

It is announced from Rio de Janeiro that M. Zola has been elected a member of the Brazilian Academy.

John Morley has been selected by the Gladstone family to write the life of the "Great Commoner."

Lord Kingsale enjoys the unique reputation of being the only professional tea taster in the peerage.

Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson has been elected President of the United States Naval Institute at Annapolis, Md., for the ensuing year.

BRITAIN TO SEIZE EGYPT.

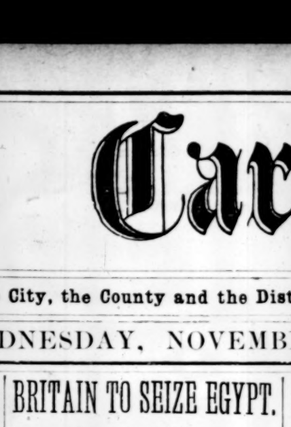
Ready to Proclaim a Protectorate Over the Nile Country.

GIGANTIC WAR PREPARATIONS.

British Government Considers the Time Ripe to Claim Sovereignty Over Egypt—France Has Withdrawn All Claims to the Fashoda Region—War Office's Significant Orders—The Navy Ready.

LONDON (By Cable).—If indications, preparations and guarded hints mean anything, they mean that the British Government is about to perpetuate a coup which is nothing more nor less than the proclamation of Egypt as a British protectorate—that is to say, as an integral portion of the English Empire.

The publication by the Mail of a message from the War Department, requesting its editors to refrain from publishing "anything which a possible enemy might find useful;" extraordinary naval and military preparations which are being made on every side; the commissioning of ships; the stoppage of leave; the orders



KHEDIVE OF EGYPT.

issued to the commanding officers of the militia and volunteer forces with a view to mobilization—all point to the impending character of this coup. That the coup would excite the ire of several of the great powers of Europe to such a degree that hostilities would assuredly ensue is also a fact, were it not known that John Bull is fully prepared for the fray. Indeed, it is this knowledge that may contribute to the maintenance of peace.

The naval and military preparations in question are not called forth by the Fashoda question, since the French have practically decided and consented to abandon that place, and Captain Marchand is returning to Egypt and to Fashoda with orders to the French force there to withdraw westward from the river to the fortified posts established in the western confines of the Bahr-el-Ghazal Province. Indeed, one of the most significant facts is that whereas the war fever has abated in Paris to a most marked degree, war preparations being apparently abandoned on the other side of the Channel, they are being pushed here to an extent without precedent since the Crimean War.

England's occupation of Egypt is based on might, and has frequently been denounced by the Khedive himself, by his suzerain, the Sultan of Turkey, and by France, as illegal, while the other powers have quietly tolerated. It is this that has caused the English Government to decide that the time has come to proclaim the protectorate over Egypt before there can be any question of an international conference, or of the prediction of the Sultan's concessions to France.

OMAHA EXPOSITION CLOSES.

It Paid Its Expenses and There Is a Surplus of About $400,000.

OMAHA, Neb. (Special).—The exposition closed on Monday night. About 75,000 persons passed through the gate during the last day. The enterprise has proved a great success and will very likely be continued in some form or other next year. The most popular scheme seems to be to make it a colonial exposition next, in which the products of the new colonies acquired in the Spanish war may be exhibited.

The exposition has proved a financial success. A little less than $2,000,000 represents the receipts, while the expenditures cost about $1,450,000. This leaves something like $400,000 surplus to be divided among the stockholders. The attendance was 2,625,398.

POWERS AND CHINA AT ODDS.

Joint Occupation of Railway Proposed—Empress Pursues Policy of Exclusion.

PEKIN, China (By Cable).—Baron von Heyking, the German Minister to China, has proposed to the representatives of the Powers at Pekin a joint occupation of the railway from Shan-Hai-Kwan, Province of Pe-Chi-Li, to Pekin, thus securing communication with the coast, unless the Chinese Government promptly withdraws its troops to a safe distance from the line.

The Dowager Empress, it is reported, has ordered the Kang-Su troops to Pekin, to serve as a protection against a possible movement on the part of General Yuan Shik Kai, who, she believes, is using the foreign drilled force under his command, in the neighborhood of Tien-Tsin, in collusion with the foreign envoys.

Discovery of a New Alaska Lake.

The steamship Cottage City has arrived at Victoria, B. C., from Skaguay, Alaska, with a large number of passengers. They report that the Yukon River is filled with slush ice and that travel to Dawson has been suspended. It is reported that a new lake as large as Lake Atlin has been discovered in the Atlin country.

Americans to Build Interoceanic Canal.

The Nicaraguan Congress has authorized the construction of an interoceanic canal by American contractors.

Hermit Slain For Money.

Isaac Stetson, the Dalton hermit, was found murdered near his hovel on Weston Mountain, Pittsfield, Mass. He had been dead two or three days. There was a bullet hole in his head. Stetson was undoubtedly killed for his money. He was known to carry large sums, collected from his tenants. His wealth has been estimated at $50,000.

The Olive Crop Destroyed.

A hailstorm has destroyed the olive and lemon crops near Mentone, in the south of France

Miscellaneous Sports.

About sixty men responded to the Yale track team call.

The outlook for quail in Maryland is most promising.

Despite the custom of many hunters it is but very seldom that a dog should be allowed to flush a bird.

The report has revived that Captain Anson may be found at the head of the Philadelphia Baseball Club next season.

There seems to be little possibility of a match game of billiards taking place between Jacob Schaefer and Eugene Carter.

The attendance at the University of Pennsylvania's football games on Franklin Field this year bids fair to be even larger than ever before.

PROTECTION'S TRIUMPH

WHY THE ISSUE SHOULD BE KEPT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

Increase in the Amount Paid to Wage Earners the Current Year Estimated at Upwards of Two Thousand Million of Dollars—A Peaceful Victory.

The recently published comprehensive industrial census of leading industries in forty-seven States and Territories, issued by the American Protective Tariff League, proves that the amount of wages paid to labor in the United States was forty-four per cent greater in 1898 than during the distressful year of 1895. This document was prepared by Hon. Robert W. Tayler, who represents in Congress the district formerly represented by President McKinley.

The vitally important question arises, What does the increase of forty-four per cent. in wages amount to in dollars and cents? This can be answered approximately upon the basis of the wages paid during the census year 1890. The wages paid in manufactures alone during that year amounted to $2,283,216,529. Forty four per cent, of this amount is $1,004,615,272. This represents approximately the increased amount of wages paid to labor in manufactures in the United States during the year 1898 as compared with the amount paid in 1895. It far exceeds the value of the commercial advantages which will be realized from all the territorial acquistions of the country during the recent war, even if we shall acquire Cuba. In a word, during the present administration of our national affairs the victories of peace through the adequate protection of American industry are far more renowned than those of war.

Again, this increase in the amount of wages paid to labor exceeds the average annual value of the exports of merchandise from the United States during the last five years by $31,662,966. This is not a strange thing. The internal commerce of the United States many times exceeds in value its foreign commerce. The value of the home market is at least twenty times the aggregate value of all our foreign markets.

But the foregoing statement as to the value of the advantages derived from protection [$1,004,615,272] falls very far short of the truth. It is based upon the wages paid in manufactures alone during the year 1890. If to it were added the amount of wages paid in agriculture, in mining and in all other industries the gain for the year 1898 over the year 1895 would undoubtedly amount to nearly if not quite two thousand million dollars a year.

Under unbroken protection the number of persons employed in manufactures increased from 1,311,246 in 1860 to 4,712,622 in 1890; the value of the products of manufacture increased from $1,885,861,676 in 1860 to $9,372,437,283 in 1890, and the annual earnings per capita of laborers employed in manufactures increased from $289 in 1860 to $484 in 1890.

Again the value of domestic exports of merchandise from the United States increased from $793,352,599 during the calamitous year of 1895 to $1,210,291,913 during the prosperous year of 1898. For the first time in the history of the country, the value of the exports of manufactured goods from the United States during the year ended June 30, 1898, exceeded the value of the imports of manufactured goods into the United States.

In his last annual message to Congress, submitted December, 1892, President Harrison showed that the country was then at the high water mark of prosperity. Upon the inauguration of President Cleveland in 1893 the country was plunged into the depths of despondency as the result of free trade. But again, under protection, it has attained unto a greater degree of prosperity than ever before.

It would seen that these important facts are being lost sight of even by many Republican speakers and newspapers in the light of the brilliant achievements of our army and navy. If we fail to profit by the more important lessons of experience in the arts of peace, the patriotic soul of this nation may well exclaim, in the language of Rudyard Kipling's recessional hymn:

"Lord, God of Hosts, be with us yet,
Lest we forget; Lest we forget."

How to Get More Gold.

The American people, like Oliver Twist, want "more"—"more," when the thing in question is gold. It is true that gold has been pouring into the country as a result of the heavy balance of trade in our favor, and that is well, but it is not enough. According to W. W. Bates, ex-United States Commissioner of Navigation, the people of the United States have paid out, on an average, $150,000,000, annually, for the last thirty years, to foreign ships for ocean transportation.

However much gold we may take in in payment for our surplus exports—and we intend to take in all we can get—it will never be enough, and it ought never to be enough until we add to it the millions we are now paying out to foreign vessels for our ocean carrying. That amount, added to the American side of the balance sheet, by being paid to the American owners of American vessels would look well when we came to make up our yearly statement of receipts and expenditures.

Narrow-Minded and Unthinking.

After the Dingley protective tariff has not only opened the factories, but the mines; after the law has made possible the greatest foreign trade report in our history, and after it has demonstrated that under ordinary circumstances the Dingley Tariff would provide ample revenue for the ordinary expenses of the Government, it is only in keeping with the narrow-minded and unthinking calamity press to continue their attacks on the law and to declare it a failure.—Hartford (Ky.) Republican.

Never Was Consistent.

Democrats say they believe in free trade; yet in Democratic Arkansas municipal assemblies put a high protective tariff on transient merchants, pedlers and doctors, etc. But when was the Democratic party ever consistent, save in inconsistency?—Little Rock Republican.

THE DIFFERENCE.

Patriotism and Sound Sense as Applied to the Shipping Question.

Not until our custom house duties permit American ships to carry cargoes into as well as out of our ports can the merchant marine be restored. It is merely a common-sense business proposition.—Kansas City Times.

American ships are not now barred from carrying our incoming commerce. If there were enough of them on the sea they could have found very profitable employment in delivering to American wharves the $600,000,000 worth of imports which came to this country the first year following the enactment of the Dingley law; that is provided these American ships could have lived under the competition of cheaper foreign ships with cheaper pay rolls and cheaper rates of insurance. This they could not do, as everybody knows, even free traders of the Kansas City Times stripe.

The difference in the operation of the two economic policies was illustrated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898, when we scored a favorable merchandise balance of over $615,000,000, of which a large portion must be settled in coin or its equivalent in credit balances offsetting interest on foreign capital invested in the United States, dividends on American securities held abroad, settlement of charges for the transportation of American commerce in foreign ships, etc., etc. This year the trade balance continues to mount up, and again it will have to be adjusted in cash, for reasons already stated.

There is No Uncertainty.

To-day we have a tariff more than a year old. Business men know what it means. Whether a man prefers high or low duties, he is aware what the duties are. The trade of the country is flowing in its regular channels. Nobody is waiting to know how the tariff will be adjusted or growling over new schedules of doubtful meaning. No leading industry is paralyzed by uncertainty. It appears to us that a general review of the tariff history of the last thirty years will show that the present law is more generally approved than the war tariff or the tariff of 1883. Surely the present campaign is very different from that of 1890 or 1894.—Camden (N. J.) Telegram.

An Astonishing Fact.

Of Paramount Importance.

The fact remains that if we are to find and retain foreign markets after they have been found, a restoration of our merchant marine is of paramount importance.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

Somewhat Easier.

It is significant to notice that Mr. Dingley found it easier to be returned to Congress from his district than did Mr. Wilson, also of tariff fame.—Peoria (Ill.) Journal.

Picture of George Eliot.

George Eliot was at this time about fifty, but looked years older. She wore, as she always did, a plain silk dress, tonight having a white shawl about her shoulders and light gloves in her hand, being indeed dressed for the opera. Some people have talked and written of the ugliness of this great woman; this sort of criticism recalls a famous scene in "Middlemarch." "Mr. Casaubon has a wart on his nose," said pert little Celia to her sister. "I dare say he has," was Dorothea's dignified rebuke, "when certain people look at him." And thus George Eliot in some eyes was ugly because, forsooth, she lacked dimpled cheeks, round eyes, and pretty mouth! If hers was ugliness, would we had more of it in the world! When in speaking her large, usually solemn features lighted up, a positive light would flash from them, a luminosity irradiate, not her own person only, but her surroundings. A sovereign nature, an august intellect, had transported us into its own atmosphere. —Miss Betham Edwards' Reminiscences.

A FOOL AND A WOMAN.

She never cared for him
Until there came a day
When he fell in love with her
And acted in such a way
As to fill his astonished friends
With feelings of dismay.

Men used honor him
For the good sense that he had,
But he fell in love with her
And carried on like mad,
And people saw, amazed,
And said it was too bad.

Then she that had never cared
And had turned to other men
Would deign to smile sometimes,
For, being a woman, when
She had made a fool of the man
She rather liked him then.
—Cleveland Leader.

HUMOROUS.

Many people want to get in the swim for divers reasons.

School Teacher—Johnny, what is the capital of the United States? Johnny—Money, mum.

Ethel—Do you meet many people while wheeling? Tom—Oh, yes; I run across a friend occasionally.

Claribel—They say he is worth half a million, at the least! Matilda—How I should like to be his widow.

First Proud Parent—I am a daddy, and it is a peach. Second Proud Parent—I am a daddy, too, but it is a pair!

The Soldier—What were your admiral's last words? The Sailor—He didn't have any. His wife was on board.

Manager—I can't use this play. It's too long for the stage. Amateur Dramatist—Why not make the stage larger?

"Did you enjoy the cathedrals abroad, Miss Shutter?" "No; the horrid things were too big for my camera."

"Wonders will never cease. I just saw a stone walk." "Pooh! That's nothing. I have often seen a brick building."

Lady Visitor—What a pretty baby. How old is he? Mamie (aged five)—I ain't quite sure, mum. We've had him a year.

"You shall be rich and famous," said the fortune teller. "Alas!" cried the sitter. "Then I am undone. For my dream was to devote my life to art."

"How habits cling to a man!" said Mr. Sniff. "I engaged an old ex-barber to trim my lawn the other day, and he asked me if I would have it shampooed also."

Teacher—Now, boys, listen. Leather comes from the cow, and wool is made into cloth and into coats. Now, what is your coat made of—yours, Tommy? Tommy (hesitating)—Out of father's.

"William," said the teacher, "can you tell me anything about the shape of the earth?" "Only what my father found out in the newspaper." "What is that?" "He says it's in a mighty bad shape just at present."

"I don't know that I need any work done about the house. What can you do, my good fellow?" "Sir, in my day I've been a carpenter, a barber and a school teacher. I can shingle your house, your hair or your boy."

"Doctor," said a fashionable belle, "what do you think of tight lacing?" The doctor solemnly replied: "Madam, all I can say is that the more a woman's waist is shaped like an hourglass the sooner will her sands of life run out."

Mosher—What are you doing with all those bits of card in your pocket? Wiswell—They are tickets at different theatres. It says on each, "Retain this portion." It's an awful bore to be obliged to carry so much pasteboard about; but, then, what's a fellow to do?

Growth of Outlawry.

The recent attack on a railway train in Texas by a gang of six armed men is one among other signs that America, like many an older country, is capable of producing its own banditti.

In several of our cities—as a few days ago in London—companies of reckless youths have given to quiet citizens much alarm, and have caused the police a deal of hard rough work. Birds of a feather easily discover each other and there is doubtless a tendency in the criminal class to comradeship and co-operative enterprise.

Various causes are at work to produce outlawry and hoodlumism, and not alone among the degraded poor. Not neglected children only, but the mis-educated and ill-disciplined, contribute results to the army of evil. It is thought that the tolerated lawlessness of a few college students is emulated by lads who never enter college halls; that corrupt journalism and rotten literature work like poison on thoughtless minds; that the lax administration of the laws, the misanthropy which broods on social wrongs; and, perhaps more than all else, the widespread disrespect for honest, thorough work; the aversion to it, and the lack of training necessary to success in any form of industry, are creating a class which lives by preying upon society.

Bandits are not all men of violence. Many of them know that craft is less dangerous, because less offensive, than brutal robbery. Yet all combinations for plunder, whether in defiance of law, by evasion of it, or even by the abuse of it, are of the same bad quality. They alike expose property and person to outrage and depredation. Civilized society, acting in self-defence, while dealing with the evil which shows itself above ground,

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A Brilliant Fraud.

A small weekly magazine was started here 11 years ago by two hustling young men. One was editor, the other "writer and paster." They clipped, extracted and rewrote. An advertising agent was employed on a commission of 25 per cent, and it was a caution the way he filled up the pages with black type and cuts. Some contracts were made for a month, some for three months, some for a year. The only cash in advance was half of the commission, which was paid as soon as the contract was turned in.

Prosperity peeped from its pages. The magazine rapidly grew fat. In the second week the American News company ordered 14,000 copies. Money flowed out like corn from a hopper and not a cent came in. The writer and paster went around at the end of the month to collect from the 80 day advertisers and what do you suppose happened? He failed to find one! Every advertisement was a fraud. There were no such names, no such businesses, no such addresses as the agent brought in for publication. He happened to have an engagement in New Jersey on that fateful day and never has been seen since. Contracts supposed to be worth $10,000 were not worth a cent. The magazine died.—New York Press.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Railand steamer lines, and at Edenton with steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Sonth R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Mabeyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Nowberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in th section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1899.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction or met with such [illegible] & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE ELECTIONS.

While the elections in nearly every Northern State have gone Republican, in this State it has been a terrific landslide in favor of the Democrats. They sweep the State by a large majority, elect their Judicial ticket and will control both branches of the Legislature.

Up to going to press we have been unable to obtain the result in the Congressional and Senatorial Districts. The indications are they have both been struck by the Democratic cyclone.

NORTH CAROLINA COTTON MILLS.

The State Labor Commissioner has completed the chapter on cotton mills for his annual report. North Carolina is in point of production of cotton goods and yarns and in number of spindles far ahead of any other State in the South save South Carolina, which is second, and Georgia which is third. The latter State has 300,000 fewer spindles than North Carolina. Only four other States, all in New England, exceed as to, this industry. North Carolina, which now occupies the fifth place, in 1890 held the ninth. The number of spindles as reported actually in operation October 1st is 1,080,000. These are in 225 mills, all of which manufacture cotton goods exclusively including spinning and weaving and hosiery mills. During the year two mills were burned and twelve new mills were granted charters.

ROANOKE SHOAL BEACON LIGHT.

Notice is given by the Light House Board that, on or about December 1 1898, a fixed white lantern light will be established, 16 feet above mean high water, on the structure recently erected in about 12 feet of water on the westerly side and in the angle of the channel in Croatan Sound, off Pork Point, and about midway between Croatan and Roanoke Marshes light houses.

The light will illuminate the entire horizon. The structure consists of a black iron column, surmounted by the lantern and surrounded, to a height of 6 feet above the water, by a triangular protection of piles.

DIVORCE.

A contemporary meekly suggests to the clergy who are reported to propose a campaign against divorce that it may be well to begin with a reform in the matter of marriage. Many clergymen are conscientiously particular in solemnizing marriages: still, there are so many who are not that any couple can get a minister of the gospel to marry them. Such marriages are the cause of a large part of the business of divorce courts.

We have always thought that there must be some good in Evangelist Sam Jones. To a Reporter in Louisville he said: "President McKinley is not only a good, clean, Christian man, but he is a good, clean, sate, conservative President."

Of all the nations of the whole world the United States is making the most rapid progress in the extension of its export trade. Of all the nations of the world the United States is th ost conspicuous exponent of the doctrine of Protection.

Jefferson's idea of bimetalism was a dollar's worth of gold or silver at the market rate, stamped as a dollar. It was a simple, clear proposition and no thought of departing from it ever occurred to his mind.

For the first time in our history the exports of the United States were in 1898, double the amount of the imports. And yet it used to be said that Protection was fatal to our export trade.

The welfare of the people on the Islands from Spain is the one thing to be considered above all else. Whatever the best interests of the natives demand the conscientious President will discover.

The Sultan offered his arm to the Empress of Germany and conducted her to a pavilion. Several hundred of his wives peeped at the ceremony, but refrained from taking possession of the other arm.

The aim to improve agricultural methods is a worthy one, and ultimate success implies a thorough understanding of the principles which underlie them.

The Spanish Dons in Porto Rico are not slow in learning to doff their hats to the American flag.

That all battles are won by subordinates is conclusively proven by the subsequent quarrels of the officer

FARM PROFITS.

There are hundreds of farmers who have become wealthy. Yet they have handled very little money and have had difficulty in meeting obligations. There is one bank account which they do not draw upon, and the deposits accumulating for years, the soil. A farmer takes a poor farm works it, adds manure, and receives but little over expenses, but every year his farm has become more fertile and increased in value. In ten or more years the farm may be worth five times the original cost, and it represents just as much profit as though the farmer had received money. All farms are, to a certain extent, banks of deposit, where the profits of the farm slowly accumulates.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Nov. 4, 1898.

The attitude of Spain towards the demand of this government for possession of the Philipine Islands will not make the slightest difference in the intentions of President McKinley. He did not suppose that Spain would concede the demand off hand; nor does he expect that Spain will carry its objections to the extent of breaking off the peace negotiations, but should it do so, the only loser thereby would be Spain. It will be an easy matter for Admiral Dewey and Gen. Otis to take forcible possession of all the Philippine Islands, and there is little doubt that they will be ordered to do so, if Spain withdraws its Peace Commissioners without negotiating a treaty. If Spain agrees to transfer the Philippine Islands to us by treaty, our Peace Commissioners are authorized to agree that we shall pay Spain a sum of money equal to the amount it has spent for public improvements on the islands; if we have to take the islands by force, Spain will get nothing. That is the whole situation, and there is nothing that Spain can do that will alter it in any way. If the Spanish Commissioners wish to do a little spluttering and kicking for home consumption, well and good; if they think they can change the conditions by so doing, they are wasting their time.

The War Investigation Commission returned to Washington this week, and after one day's sitting it sent Commissioners Beaver, Wilson and Howell to Camp Meade, where they will make a personal investigation. The political enemies of Secretary Alger have given up hope of being able to produce any testimony that will reflect upon his management of the War Department, and are confining their efforts to circulating fakes so transparent that men of common sense have ceased to pay any attention to them.

The Navy Department has received through Admiral Dewey, a report on the mineral resources of the Philippine Islands, prepared by Prof. Geo, F. Becker, U. S. Geological Survey. Luzon has coal, gold, copper, lead, iron, sulphur and marble; Kaelin, Cataandnanes, Sibuyan, Bohol and Panaeau have gold only; Marmiduque has lead and silver; Mindoro, coal, gold and copper; Carraray, Batan, Rapurapu, Semarara, and Negos have coal; Masbete has coal and copper; Remblon, marble; Samar, coal and gold; Panay, coal, oil, gas, gold, copper, iron and perhaps mercury; Bilicam, sulphur; Leyte, coal, oil and perhaps mercury; Cebu, coal, oil, gas, gold, lead, silver and iron; Mindanas, coal, gold, copper, and platinum, and the Sulu archipelago produces pearls. The coal produced on the islands is not as good as the Pennsylvania or Welsh coal, but will, in the opinion of Professor Becker, answer every purpose as a fuel for local consumption, if properly handled.

Spanish diplomacy made an unsuccessful attempt to trick Secretary Hay into committing this government into accepting sovereignty over Cuba, the object being to place Spain in a position to hold the U. S. government responsible for the Spanish bonds which it is pleased to call the "Cuban debt,' the contention of Spain being that responsibility for the debt will pass with the sovereignty. For the purpose of trying to entrap Secretary Hay, the Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs addressed a communication to the State Department, the first since the departure of the Spanish Minister from Washington, and forwarded it through the French Embassy. Secretary Hay is somewhat of a diplomat himself. He answered the communication by informing the government of Spain that the answer to its question or reques would in due time come from the Peace Commission, at Paris.

The medical department of the army is making extraordinary efforts to ascertain the cause of so much typhoid fever in the army. Major Edward O. Shakespeare, brigade Surgeon, U. S. V., who is considered an expert, has been ordered to Camp Meade, where he will continue his investigation of typhoid fever. It is said that he has made some important discoveries concerning the causes of typeid fever, which will be valuable, not only to the army but to the medical profession at large, and which in due time be made public.

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.

No one need suffer with neuralgia. This disease is quickly and permanently cured by Browns' Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic or otherwise, succumbs to Browns' Iron Bitters. Known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, it stands to-day foremost among our most valued remedies. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in I and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was anvised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial., took in all eight bottles. It has cured me and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

THE OLDEST MAN IN THE WORLD.

Noah Raby, 126 Years Old, says he has Heard Washington Speak.

Noah Raby, an inmate of the poor farm at Piscataway Township, about three miles from New Brunswick, N. J., lays claim to the distinction of being the oldest living person in the world. He asserts with the utmost confidence that he is 126 years old, as he was born on April 1, 1772. There is no way in which the statement of the old man can be substantiated.

Raby has been an inmate of the poor farm for more than fifty years. He says he was born at Edenton, N. C. His mother was a native of South Carolina and his father a North American Indian. He says he never had much of a chance to learn, and when he was quite a boy he was bound out to a man named Mills Field. He remained there until he was twenty-one years old

After that he started out to look for work. He was overseer for a widow named Mrs. Penelope Parker. Later he went to work for her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Sarah Parker, also a widow, and the old man declares that he fell desperately in-love with the widow, but lacked courage to tell her of his affection.

He finally went to sea as a cure, and enlisted on the Brandywine. He served several years and then left the service. The papers of the vessel were all destroyed by fire at Washington, or it would be an easy matter to substantiate the story Raby tells.

Raby is positive that he heard General Washington speak when he was a young man. He says it was at Norfolk, and the General was mad about something. He says General Washington in his speech said:

"Keep right on, fellow citizens, as you have been going on, and I can assure you we will have the devil to pay in this Republic and no pitch hot."

Some forty years ago, while in Elizabeth, Raby joined a Baptist church. He says he believes that a person must have a change of heart or the won't go to heaven. He dates his conversion to a time was in Virginia, and was very sick. The old man learned to smoke when he was a boy of six, as he was in the habit of lighting his mother's pipe. He says it has never hurt him in the least.

"Uncle Noah," as he is known, sleeps fairly well. His general health is good and he eats his food with evident relish. For about two years he was stone blind, but he has partially regained the sight of one eye. His memory is excellent.

Henry G. Hummer, the overseer of the poor farm, said that recently one of his cousins came to see him, and he had not been at the farm for nineteen years. Raby remembered the man by his voice, and said he was a son of the overseer's uncle, calling him by name Mr. Hummer's cousin remembered that when he saw "Uncle Noah," he was 107 years old. A great many persons visit the old man, and, as it became somewhat of a nuisance, Mr. Hummer had to arrange so that Saturday would be visitor's day. Raby seems to be as confident of living several years as many a younger man, and the attending physician says it would not surprise him if the old man lived several years yet.—Phila. Press.

CROUP

Mothers, when your children are attacked by the dreadful croup, you need not despair; Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will relieve and cure them at once. You can always depend on this marvelous remedy; it always cures.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will cure Croup without fail.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE for November comprises some twenty interesting papers from the foreign periodicals. Among the principal ones we note: "The New American Imperialism," by Edward Dicey; "Prince Bismark—Personal Recollections," by William Harbutt Dawson; "The Spaniard at Home," by Hannah Lynch; "Napoleon and Josephine at Bayonne," by W. Hill James; "John Wilson Croker," by P. A. Sillard; "A Gutter Merchant," by Harry Hesford; "A Recent Business Tour in China," by C. A. Moreing; "Romance of the Fur Trade;" "The Carlist Policy in Spain," by Ruvigny and Cranstoun Metcalfe; "Charles Reade and His Books," by W. J. Johnson; "The Coming Struggle in the Pacific," by Benjamin Taylor; "The Works of Mr. Kipling;" "Great Men: Their Simplicity and Ignorance," by Michael Macdonagh; "The Inventor of "Dynamite," by Henry de Mosenthal; "Concerning People who Disappointed One;" "Eugland's Destiny in China," by F. E. Younghusband: and "The Humors of Hospital Life." Some short articles and poems complete this well-selected number.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at A. Wadsworth's drug store, only 50c per bottle.

Smarter Than He Looked.

A Boston broker boaste of rather a bright office boy. One of his friends dropping in at the office dispatched the lad for some cigars, giving him a $1 bill to pay for them. The boy returned with four cigars. The caller commended him for purchasing such good ones, and passed them around. Shortly after the broker was left alone in the office, when the shrewd urchin handed him six cigars with the remark, "'Ere's the rest of them cigars, Mr. Margin."—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

Horticulture at Home.

Expectant Father—Well, is it a little peach?

Excited Nurse—No, sir. It's a little pair.—Yonkers Statesman.

THE SIEGE OF PARIS.

HOW LONDON FIRST LEARNED THAT IT HAD ENDED.

Story of the Reporter Who Got the "Scoop" and Who Then Induced Bismarck to Allow Him to Send Out the News Over His Private Wire.

During the Franco-German war, from Oct. 18, 1870, to March 1, 1871, I was attached to the headquarters of the crown prince, who occupied an unassuming little villa called Les Ombrages, in an outskirt of Versailles, his august father residing throughout the investment and siege of Paris in the prefecture of the whilom "royal burgh," and Count Bismarck, with his staff of councilors and secretaries, in a detached house of the Rue de Provence. I often met the chancellor out of doors, walking or riding, during that long and bitter winter, but sedulously refrained from soliciting audiences, being well aware that the visits of a war correspondent, who had everything to ask and nothing to tell, could not possibly be welcome to so desperately overworked a statesman as Bismarck.

By what means I need not explain in this place, I had been made acquainted with the precise terms of the capitulation of Paris at an early hour of the morning after the conclusion of the armistice, and had, moreover, good reason to believe that the conditions of the surrender had not been communicated to any other correspondent of an English or even a German newspaper at headquarters. Having obtained the supremely important item of news, what was I to do with it? Unless it could be forthwith transmitted to The Daily Telegraph office by telegraph, my chances of forestalling my fellow correspondents would be annihilated, and there was no wire at my disposal—or, for that matter, at that of any foreign journalist—within the vast radius of the lines of investment.

The situation appeared an utterly hopeless one, until suddenly the happiest of "happy thoughts" flashed through my mind. Perhaps the all powerful chancellor, newly created a prince of the young German empire, would authorize the transmission to London of my dispatch over his own official wire, by means of which he was "en rapport" with every European capital except beleaguered Paris. There was no time to lose. Before 8 a. m. I had taken down the articles of capitulation from the lips of my informant, within half an hour I had copied them out, "large, bold and handsome," on two pages of foolscap and had made myself presentable.

At 9 o'clock I presented myself at the street door of the house in the Rue de Provence and sent up my card to Councilor Lothar Bucher, with a pencilled request that he would allow me to speak to him in private. Almost immediately he came down to the waiting room on the ground floor, into which I had been shown, and asked me what he could do for me. "Can you procure me a five minutes' audience of the prince?" I replied. "I don't know," was the rejoinder, "but I'll try. The chancellor is extremely busy, but perhaps he'll see you if you can assure me that the matter is really urgent." "I declared that for me it could not possibly be more so, whereupon Bucher left me—I confess, in a fever of anxiety—and was absent for about a quarter of an hour, at the expiration of which he reappeared and beckoned to me to follow him up stairs.

In an ex-boudoir on the first floor converted into a sort of office I found the chancellor awaiting me. After the briefest of greetings he said, "Pray, tell me what you want in the fewest possible words, for I have not a moment to lose." I produced my dispatch, handed it to him and asked him if it was substantially correct.

After looking through it he answered: "Yes, it is. I don't know how you got your information, and I don't intend to ask, but these are the terms on which Paris surrenders. What then?" When I besought his permission to forward the message over his wire, he laughed rather grimly, saying, "You must be mad to ask such a thing!"

I urged upon him that the tension of public feeling in England with respect to the fate of Paris was very painful—many people's sympathy being temporarily averted from Germany by harrowing accounts of the sufferings undergone by the population of the French capital. "That tension would be considerably relieved, sir," I replied, "by the knowledge that the siege of Paris is come to an end and that the victors have accorded merciful terms to the vanquished." Prince Bismarck held out against my importunity for about a couple of minutes, but he yielded at last, only stipulating that I should efface my name at the end of the dispatch.

"On no account can I allow you to sign a message sent over my wire. If your people in London do not believe it to be authentic when it reaches them, that is their affair. But it must go unsigned or not at all." It did go unsigned; it was accepted as authentic, and its publication that very afternoon in a special edition of The Daily Telegraph proved to be one of the greatest journalistic coups effected by any London newspaper during the Franco-German war.—London Telegraph.

What Shall Be Done

FOR THE DELICATE GIRL

You have tried iron and other tonics. But she keeps pale and thin. Her sallow complexion worries you. Perhaps she has a little hacking cough also. Her head aches; and she cannot study. Give her

Scott's Emulsion

The oil will feed her wasting body; the glycerine will soothe her cough, and the hypophosphites will give new power and vigor to her nerves and brain.

Never say you "cannot take cod-liver oil" until you have tried Scott's Emulsion. You will be obliged to change your opinion at once. Children especially become very fond of it; and infants do not know when it is added to their food.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

$100

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diureti

May be worth to you more than $100 f you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

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HANDSOME!

BEAUTIFUL!

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IT DON'T COST YOU A CENT TO see our stock, examine our goods and learn our prices. We are just opening a NEW, STYLISH and UP-TO-DATE STOCK of Fall & Winter Goods. Thousands of dollars of all kinds more than we have had before. We have many handsome articles that you want, many beautiful articles that you need and lots of useful things that you must have. We have added thousands of dollars to our stock of Shoes above, and have just what you need for yourself or any member of the family, at prices to please. In Dry Goods we have greatly increased our stock and have the LATEST STYLES at the Lowest prices. Call and see our Calicoes and Dress Goods. We invite attention of the ladies to our line of CAPES; prices from 50cts to $10. When you want Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Ready Made Clothing of any kind, Ladies and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valices, Umbrellas, Parasols, Table Oil Cloths, Oil and Rubber Goods, Notions of all kinds, or anything else usually kept in a first-class Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods store call on

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THE LOW PRICE STORE,

NEXT DOOR TO MELICK'S.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought Chas. H. Fletcher.

Lancing a Felon.

Dr. Stivers of New York had a large dispensary clinic, and rarely a day passed that one or more cases of felon did not appear. "It won't hurt," was always his comforting assurance to the patient if the latter made any outcry. "Put your finger down there," indicating the edge of the table, "and keep still!" he commanded, and patients, as a rule, made little fuss. Dr. Stivers once had a felon on his left forefinger. He poulticed it for about a week, and walked the floor with pain at night. At last he went to his assistant surgeon, who said gravely, "That ought to have been lanced before."

"Possibly—but"— said Dr. Stivers, and then, with a long breath—"perhaps you'd better lance it now."

"Certainly," said the assistant surgeon. "Put your finger on the table."

Dr. Stivers complied, and with a face as white as paper watched the knife. "Be gentle," he cautioned. "That's an awful sore finger!"

"It won't hurt," remarked the assistant surgeon, and the sharp steel descended. There was a howl of agony from Dr. Stivers, and with his finger in his other hand he danced about the room crying, "Oh, oh, oh!"

"Why," remarked the assistant surgeon, "I have heard you tell patients hundreds of times that it didn't hurt to lance a felon."

"No doubt, no doubt you have," groaned Dr. Stivers, "but that depends on which end of the knife a man is at."—Exchange.

Stonewall Jackson at Chapultepec.

The infantry suffered terribly. It was impossible to advance along the narrow track and when the guns were ordered up the situation was in no way bettered. Nearly every horse was killed or wounded. A deep ditch, cut across the road, hindered effective action, and the only position where reply to the enemy's fire was possible lay beyond this obstacle. Despite the losses of his command, Jackson managed to lift one gun across by hand, but his men became demoralized. They left their posts.

The example of their lieutenant, walking up and down on the shot swept road and exclaiming calmly: "There is no danger, see? I am not hit," failed to inspire them with confidence. Many had already fallen. The infantry, with the exception of a small escort, which held its ground with difficulty, had disappeared, and General Worth, observing Jackson's perilous situation, sent him orders to retire. He replied it was more dangerous to withdraw than to stand fast, and if they would give him 50 veterans he would rather attempt the capture of the breastwork.—Henderson's "Stonewall Jackson and the Civil War."

WINE OF CARDUI

FOR ALL WOMEN

Nine-tenths of all the pain and sickness from which women suffer is caused by weakness or derangement in the organs of menstruation. Nearly always when a woman is not well these organs are affected. But when they are strong and healthy a woman is very seldom sick.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Is nature's provision for the regulation of the menstrual function. It cures all "female troubles." It is equally effective for the girl in her teens, the young wife with domestic and maternal cares, and the woman approaching the period known as the "Change of Life." They all need it. They are all benefitted by it.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOS. J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says: "My sister suffered from very irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

WINE OF CARDUI

Disgusted.

Old Lady (to driver of growler)—Now, driver, I want you to go very carefully.

"Certainly, mum."

"And not go racing with other cabs."

"No, mum."

"And not go round the corners quickly."

"No, mum."

After the job the old lady, handing him the exact fare, a shilling, said: "You have driven me very carefully and well, and here is a shilling for you. Have you driven a cab all your life?"

"No, mum. I used to drive a hearse, and blest if I don't go back to it. It's a better game than this. I hope I'll drive yer again, mum."—London Fun.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC ..... CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

PURELY VEGETABLE ..... CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other poisonous mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE ..... CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

LIVER STIMULANT ..... CASCARETS tone the stomach and digestive stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.

BOON FOR MOTHERS ..... CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN ..... CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

CURE GUARANTEED ..... CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, and as directed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS ..... CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 338

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

The Ghost In "Hamlet."

Not many years ago at the Queen's theater, Dublin, during one of the late T. C. King's engagements, "Hamlet" was being played to a densely crowded house. The actor portraying the part of the Ghost solaced himself during his long wait from the first to the third act by perusing the evening paper, using his spectacles in so doing. Being interested in some article (probably the "weights" for an important handicap), he delayed leaving the greenroom until the moment of hearing his cue, when, hastily snatching up his truncheon, he rushed upon the stage without his beard of "sable silvered" or removing his spectacles.

A titter greeted his appearance, but still the solemnity of the darkened stage and the fine acting of King as Hamlet prevented any great outburst until the Queen, replying to Hamlet's question, "Do you see nothing there?" answered, "Nothing at all. Yet all that is I see," when a voice from aloft exclaimed, "Lend her your specs, old boy," followed by another: "Hould your row. Sure he's put them on to see to shave himself."—Cornhill Magazine.

A Lawyer's Retort.

The greater number of cases are tried before judges without juries, and the occupants of the bench are accustomed to resent an eloquent appeal as something in the nature of an insult to their mental powers.

"Do you think to soften my heart," sarcastically asked a well known chancery judge when a member of the equity bar, making a rare attempt at rhetoric, drew a pathetic picture of his client's wrongs.

"My lord," replied the counsel, who who at once recognized the failure of his appeal, but was quick to find success in his retort, "I know it is impossible."—London Globe.

He Wasn't a Gormand.

That wary old fellow, Bailie Macduff, was enticed into a friend's house the other night, and his host managed to win 50 shillings from him at "nap." What is more remarkable, when the bailie had parted with his last shilling he rose, full of wrath.

"Won't you stay to supper?" pressed his host. "We have a fine bit of ham waiting."

"No, not I. Dae ye think I eat 50 shillings' worth of ham?"—London Answers.

A Trifling Change.

"I guess I'm willing to go," said the farmer, when they told him his hours would be but few. "It is just a change from havin my nose to the grindstone to havin it to the tombstone."—Indianapolis Journal.

In ancient Egypt when a cat died in a private house the inmates shaved their eyebrows. The killing of a cat, even accidentally, was considered a capital offense.

The psaltery of Spain is supposed to have been introduced into that country by the Moors. It is still in common use among the peasants.

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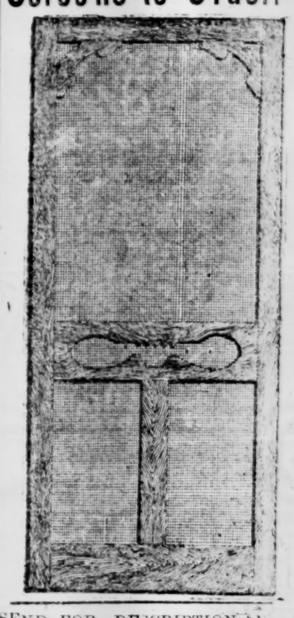

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Write for catalogue. Address

S. L. SHEEP, President.

Notice in Divorce.

NORTH CAROLINA, Dare County.

MAGGIE MORTON vs, WILLIE MORTON

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT that a summons has been issued in this cause and returned by the Sheriff that the defendant cannot be found in the State, and this fact is made to appear by affidavit, it is ordered that summons be made by publication, by publishing same in the "Carolinian" for six weeks, commanding the said defendant to appear at the Fall Term of the Superior Court to be holden for the County of Dare on the 7th day of November, 1898, and answer the complaint which will be plead in the Court before that time.

Given at the Court House in said County; this 12th day of Sept. 1898.

J. B. JARNETT,

Clerk of the Superior Court

Ripans Tabules cure nau

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.

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are a safe investment for 1898. The rapid growth of the wheel industry has produced a multitude of makes you had better keep your hands off. Do you buy pretty paint or Bicycles? Beauty is only skin deep. What you want is material, and best quality.

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and nine cases out of ten your choice will be a wheel of known reputation. We have on exhibition, and can give you one which reputation is the best the world over for strength, durabilty and easy running qualities. Call & examine. You will find

Hathaway Bros,

on the corner of Main and Water streets.

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Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

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We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packing, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,
J. H. PARTRIDGE,
P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—I. M. Meekins Commissioners—Faircloth, Thomas A, Commander, J. A. Kramer; Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles Guirkin; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, Allen K. Kramer;

Collector of Customs—Palemon John,
Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. Rogers, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden—Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church sts

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Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Black, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.
Protestant Episcopal Wheelbee Bull's: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. F. Hunter, pastor.
Evangelical Association, B. C. Krupp, pastor, Preaching every Sunday morning and night.
Colerain—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Cornet Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lane Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, ——— pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, W. M.; Dr. J. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, I. D.; B. F. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford, Secretary; E. Pennyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper, Tiler; J. Rodney Sperrid; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler Meet 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achsteo Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, N. G.; R. R. Commander, V. G.; H. O. Sawyer, Sec'y; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Hall, D. G.
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Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; J. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.
Knights of Honor—R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; F. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.
Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanderlin, Sachem; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Overman, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper. A. L. Jones. Health Officer, Dr. Isaah Fearing. Attorney, I. M. Meekins.
Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor of Public Roads; Board of Education: John D. Fullwood, Newton A Jones and John T. Davis.

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This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, November 9, 1898.

☞Well, we are defeated.

☞As we always do, we "accept the situation."

☞The Democrats rejoice, and they have cause to.

☞Do not fail to read Melick's advertisement in this issue.

☞Farmers, get your farm machinery in out of the weather.

☞The country homes of the United States are the backbone of the Nation.

☞Money makes money, so does stock produce more stock. Be sure that the capital stock is well bred.

☞The publication day of the CAROLINIAN has been changed from Wednesday to Thursday

☞The President has issued his annual Thanksgiving Proclamation, naming Thursday the 24th inst, as the date.

☞The man who sells his vote for money or whiskey ought to be disfranchised. He is too dangerous to handle a ballot.

☞Now that the election is over, "let us have peace." Let there be less politics and more attention to business. It will be best for all.

☞The Eastern North Carolina Methodist Conference meets here on the 30th inst. Preparations for the accommodation of ministers and laymen are being made.

☞Perhaps the colored delegates to the late County Convention now realize the mistake they made in refusing to heed the warning and take the advice of the white delegates.

☞That we are disappointed at the result of the election goes without saying. Being a Republican from conviction we loyally supported the party ticket: being outvoted, we philosophically submit to the verdict of the majority.

☞Those who voted at the election in accordance with their honest convictions did right. They performed the true and faithful citizen's duty. Those who voted under the influence of prejudice and passion—well, let right-thinking men characterize it.

☞As recent sales and purchases show, real estate is advancing in value in Elizabeth City. It is not a "boom," but a steady and healthy growth. Said an old citizen the other day: "The predictions made by the CAROLINIAN years ago are all being verified, and it has been an active factor in promoting its progress and prosperity."

☞A gentleman who travels a good deal spent a few days here last week. He gave us a call He expressed himself as much impressed with the business life, activity and enterprise he saw manifested; that he knew of no town equaling it. He said further that the quiet and good order prevailing was evidence of good government. This is noted by all strangers who visit us.

☞The CAROLINIAN makes no special boast, but it is willing to let impartial citizens decide whether it has not contributed its full share and as much for the upbuilding of the town and betterment of the surrounding country as its cotemporaries, and, too, it is prepared to vouch that during its thirty years of publication it has paid off its employes every Saturday night and, too, has always paid its just debts promptly.

☞At the meeting of the Town Commissioners on Monday, in addition to the regular routine business a petition was presented by a number of merchants asking that the right of bridging the gutters in front of their places of business on condition that said bridges shall not interfere with the drainage of the streets and that they shall be kept in good repair. The request was granted. Mr. C. D. Pendleton made application for a franchise to build and operate an Electric Street Railway. Final action was deferred until the the next regular meeting. The Elizabeth City Manufacturing Company was granted the privilege of constructing a railroad switch from the main track of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad on an along Third street to its Northern terminus. The Poindexter street matter was referred back to the jury to effect a compromise with the property owners, if possible, on the question of damages. Mr. Geo. W. Cobb tenderered his resignation as Treasurer of the Corporation which was accepted and Jos. P. Kramer was elected to fill the vacancy. Ordinance No. XVIII, Section 1, was amended so as to require the officers to report to the Mayor at 9 o'clock, and the hour of the Mayor's Court changed to 10 o'clock.

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The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

☞Idle land is but an expense. Make it earn something.

☞Small acreage and heavy yields means the most profit.

☞There is as much necessity for the use of brains on the farm as elsewhere.

☞The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

☞NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞A busy man is always willing to talk business, but an "agent" is not a business man.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

☞The man who does not enjoy looking after his cattle has no business among cows

☞Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞Drudgery is as necessary to call out the treasures of the mind as harrowing and planting those of the soil.

☞To things which you hear with impatience you should accustom yourself, and by habit you will bear them well.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞Fowler & Co are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock

☞Most youngsters of the present day learn so rapidly that it is almost impossible for the high schools to keep up with them.

☞Toads should never be destroyed. They live on insects, snapping them up during the warm months by the hundred.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

☞If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

☞It is always best to avoid controversy with two kinds of people; those who cannot understand you and those who will not.

☞Adversity has ever been considered as the state in which a man the most easily becomes acquainted with himself—particularly as he is in that state free from flatterers.

☞The tongue of a man is powerful enough to render the ideas which the human intellect conceives, but in the realm of true and deep sentiments it is but a weak interpreter. These are inexpressible.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

☞Money and time are the heaviest burdens of life, and the unhappiest of all mortals are those who have more of either than they know how to use.

☞Don't think for a minute that the labor union makes the working man and the walking delegate equal—in tho eyes of the latter

☞The following is the Honor Roll of the Elizabeth City Public School for the month of October:

Edna Abernethy, Lucy Abernethy Wallace Lane, Carrie Cherry, Lessie Bailey, Wm. L. Davis, Mary Webb, Eugene Lane, Annie Brothers.

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

☞There were bogus tickets circulated on Tuesday—tickets intended to deceive. They were headed "Republican Ticket" with the names of Democratic candidates and with those of Republicans wrongly spelled. Is this honest politics?

☞At the special term of Pasquotank Court Judge Timberlake granted an order restraining the Board of County Commissioners from taking the draw-bridge at Blade's Mill over Knobbs Creek off the hands of E. F. Lamb, the owner of the ferry road and bridge, and putting the keeping and maintaining the same upon the county. The case was taken to the Supreme Court, which has affirmed the decision of Judge Timberlake.

A LADY TEACHER WANTED.

A lady Teacher wanted in a private family to teach Music. Address,
MRS. D. M. PUGH,
Rodanthe, N. C.

A Wonderful Discovery.

The last quarter of a century records many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none that have accomplished more for humanity than that sterling old household remedy, Browns' Iron Bitters. It seems to contain the very elements of good health, and neither man, woman or child can take it without deriving the greatest benefit. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

☞Pasquotank County, the first time in many years, has gone Democratic. There are several reasons for this, one of which is there was an increase of not less than 500 registered voters since the registration of 1896. The vote for Solicitor was Meekins, 13,56, Ward 1381, Leary 8; for Congress, Skinner, 1377, Small 1372; for Senators, Alexander 1395; Shaw 1432 Skinner1396, Cowper1395; for Representative, Cale 1312 Leigh; 1439 for Clerk, Overman, 1395 Jenningsl 405; for Register of Deeds, Culpepper, 1420, Reid1373; for Sheriff, Keaton1365, Grandy1430. The majority for the County Commissioners was about 53. For Treasurer Morris received 1396 votes and Foster 1398. Whedbe got one vote for Congress.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 6:29 and will set tonight at 4:57.—It is the wise head that makes the still tongue.—Mrs. L. F. Zeigler and children, of Edenton, have been visiting relatives here.—A true friend is one who never throws things at you.—Mrs. W. H. Bennett, of Newberne, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. David M. Simons, has returned home.—The best efforts of the chairmaker are constantly being sat upon.—Mrs. J. M. Jewell, of Portsmouth, is visiting Mrs. Mabel Jewell on Martin street.—The more innings a man has the more he enjoys his outings.—On the evening of the 3d inst. at the home of the bride's parents on North Road street, Miss Minnie Sawyer was united in wedlock to Mr. C. L. Whitehurst. Rev. Dr. Penick, of the Baptist, Church officiated.—The following lesson in punctuation is reported:

Thus spake the teacher to his class:
"Now tell me what are pauses?"
And the small boy at the foot replied,
"They're things to hide cat's clauses."

—Street Commissioner Berry has put down sewerage pipe on South Poindexter street.—He that wants money, means and content is without three good friends.—Mr. Selby Pritchard, recently a resident of this city but now of Baltimore, is here on a visit.—"There is no use," says the Philosopher, "in giving a fool your opinion of him, for he has no room to store it."—Mr. Brinkley White, who went from here to enter the Navy, is back home again.—Don't forget when you break silence that the least said is soonest mended.—Mr. P. Delon, the Bicycle Repairer, has moved into his new building on Poindexter street.—"Pa," asked little Willie, "what is a scheme?" "I can't define it, my son, but it is something which falls through quicker than anything else on earth."—The CAROLINIAN Job Press has been kept unusually busy the past few weeks.—The following states what frequently happens:

He lead her to the altar,
One dreary, blissful day;
But she began to lead the
Moment they turned away.

—"Alas!" said the Sentimental One, "many a smiling face conceals an aching heart." "It seems to me," replied the Literal Idiot, "that an aching tooth would be more likely to be there."—L. Cudworth, Sheriff of Dare County, called on Saturday and paid his respects.—Wealth does not bring true happiness, but it brings an imitation that fools everybody but the experts.—Our markets are now well supplied with fresh meats and vegetables.—To a query, "were you out in all that rain?" the reply was, "No; I was merely in the portion of the rain that descended in my immediate vicinity."—The Citizens Bank having purchased the house and lot of Mr. N. R. Zimmerman on the Southeast corner of Poindexter and Fearing streets work on taking down the house and putting up a handsome new building will begin at once. The price paid was $6000.—The following is good advice:

Never talk back and wake up the whole community,
And call a man a liar over law or politics;
You can lift and land him further with impunity
By one good jolt of silence than in half a dozen kicks.

—You cannot make up your own moral deficiencies by railing at the short comings of other people.—Mr. J. P. Jessup, of Hertford, was in the city on Saturday. He gave us a call.—Some people prune their generlogreal trees by cutting their poor relations.—The weather last week was typically autumn.—There are certain times when a pretty girl doesn't act that way.—In addition to the new brick Bank building about to be errcted on the site of the Zimmerman dwelling, the old wooden buildings East on Fearing street are to be removed and brick stores built.—A certain class of "patriots" are thus described:

He sat around the bar room stove
And plead his party's cause,
He kept his jaws upon the move
With scarce a moment's pause
He talked about the "nigger's" eluteh
How white men's rights 'twould queer,
Yet cared not for the issues much
As cared he for free beer.

—Mr. Carter and bride, of Philadelphia, spent a few days here last week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs D. S. Kramer. The bride is Miss Mae Fowler, daughter of our late townsman S. S. Fowler.—The election on Tuesday was quiet and orderly.—A masquerade party will be held at the residence of Mr. G W. Twiddy on Friday night.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

MELICK

FLOOR COVERINGS:

Honest Goods at Honest Prices We will not sell you cotton for wool; no more will we sell you wool for cotton, but we can give you good values in ALL WOOL CARPETS, Unions, All Cotton, Hemps and Brussels. All Wool Ingrain at 50c per yard.

WE HAVE ENLARGED

and improved our Carpet Department and "Strickler's Patent Carpet Exhibitor enables us to show more patterns and with such ease that it is really "no trouble to show goods." If you do not want a Carpet and want to see a practical device come to see the Exhibitor.

IT IS STOCKED

with the best line we ever offered and at bottom prices.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS.

We picked up some particularly good patterns and values and are offering them cheap.

REMNANTS OF CARPETS

do not stay with us long, but we mention them as we have them very often and make Remnant Prices on them. You might find one to fit the place and save some money. Bring your measure and let us figure for you.

WE CUT CARPETS

free of charge and will make and lay them if you desire.

OIL CLOTHS OR LINOLEUMS,

whether for a room or hall or a square under the stove, we have it. If for a hall or a room let us give you a suggestion about laying it. We know how to do it and can possibly do you good. We carry all widths up to two yards wide and by having different widths of the same pattern can often cut to better advantage. We have Oil Cloth from 18c up.

LINOLELUM

looks very much like Oil Cloth but try it and see how it wears' It is better than Oil Cloth.

SUMMER OR WINTER

Straw Matting makes clean, neat and healthful floor covering and we have a nice variety of both Japan and China manufacture. Prices as low as can be offered.

SAVE YOUR CARPETS

and make your house more comfortable and cleanly by using Carpet Linings. We have them.

STAIR PADS.

Save your Stair Carpets and make stair climbing a luxury.

IF WE HAVENT

what you want in our stock we can suit you in the "J & J. Dobson Sample Line of Floor Covering." By their aid we can show a Philadelphia and New York Carpet stock. Dobson is gaurantee of quality and our large Samples give you a good idea of the goods. We can get you a carpet in five days, made, ready to lay. Prices on this line lower than ever before.

RUGS, RUGS!

Brussels Rugs, Moquette Rugs Wilton Rugs, Skin Rugs—a big line at little prices. All our lines are well stocked and we will be glad to serve you.

P. W. MELICK!

WHY COUGH

Why cough and risk consumption, when the celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you at once? It never fails to cure throat and lung troubles. For bronchitis, sore throat and hoarseness it is invaluable.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will cure a Hacking Cough.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

NATURE'S REMEDY

For the cure of all chronic and acute diseases—a life giving principle, free from all drugs—Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Consumption, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous Frostration and General Debility cured by inhaling

Compound Oxygen,

Our home treatment, which contains two months supply of Compound Oxygen, inhaling apparatus; full directions sent to any part of the country. This includes medical advice during treatment. Pamphlet with advice to the sick, home treatment and testimonials free.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., San Francisco, Cal., Toronto Can.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Well, it is over.

Thanksgiving preparations are in order.

Rumor reports a marriage for tonight. Well, we shall see.

The Normal and Industrial Institute opened Monday with a fair representation.

James Benbury, of Chowan, was in the city last week.

M. A. Bright is at home from Washington for a few days to visit his family here.

The rite of baptism was administered to two more persons by Rev. Berry Sunday afternoon.

Boone Literary of the Roanoke Institute holds its first session of current term on Friday night.

J. B. Fulton, of Baltimore is spending a few days in our community.

Messrs. Moore and Weaver, who have been giving several concerts here, left the city last Friday.

Mrs. Martha Johnson has returned to her home at Norfolk, after a short visit to friends here.

The Virginia Annual Confererence is now about two weeks off and local churches are active in preparation.

Rev. M. W. D. Norman delivered a very able address to an appreciative audience at the Public School Building last Friday night.

Rev. Anderson will preach the Annual Sermon to the Society of Christian Endeavor at Mt. Lebanon Church to night.

S. F. Lane was home from Washington Tuesday to vote. He returned.

It is reported here that Peter Page, who went with the troops from here has recently died at Camp Poland, Knoxville, Tenn.

Dr E. G. Norman, of Washington, was in the city last week the guests of his brother, Rev. Norman on Culpepper street.

The Samaritans of this city celebrated their anniversary last Friday. There was no parade but a successful entertainment was held at night

Charles Lee, a young man of this city who has seen three years' service aboard the U. S. Battleship Indiana, being abroad dung the Spanish trouble is at home visiting his father, Mr. Welcome Lee.

A reception will be tendered Rev. A. Walters, D. D., Bishop of the Virginia Aannual Conference at the Samaritan Hall Friday night. He will preach at Preyortown Mission Sunday at 3, p. m., and at Mt. Lebanon at night.

As a result of a heated controversy on Monday, between Turner Watson and a man named Moody, the latter was shot. The wound in the abdomen was thought at one time likely to prove fatal. Watson claims that the shooting was done in self-defence since Moody had already made an attempt to shoot him.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Located in a beautiful and healthful part of the town. The town is one of the most progressive in the State. The purpose of the School is the educating and training of teachers for the Colored Race. Special attention is given to MORAL CHARACTER, VIRTUE, HONESTY and GOOD MANNERS. We endeavor to give students a thorough knowledge of the Common School branches of learning. Besides the regular four-year course, offers a special Professional course of one year. Excellent Model and Training Schools for OBSERVATION and PRACTICE. Students required to do certain amount of teaching in the Model School, under efficient supervision, before graduation. Limited number of children from six to fifteen years of age will be admitted to Model School. Application to Model School should be made by September, 1, 1898. Tuition is Free. Expenses of living moderate. Teachers efficient and kind. Seventh Annual Session opens Monday, September 12, 1898. For catalogue and information address.

P. W. MOORE, A. M., Principal

2 LARGE STORES

CONNECTED

and **UNDER 1**

LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. **Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case.** You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use 50 doses 25 cents.

GUARANTEES issued only by

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Family Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in Grocery Goods the prices are low. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to please our customers, and in doing this we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Provisions, supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general line of Staple and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee prices right. Long experience and practical knowledge in the business has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to show you.

Wholesale Department,

In our Retail Department, as above mentioned, we are always on hand, and here let us say that in the matter of buying we have learned how to buy for others and can do so for you. We know where to buy and when to buy, and we have been doing business, we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery look at the prices and qualities at Fowler & Co's

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Great Bargains in clothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value.

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or, 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

NG. Grandy & Co

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can obtain patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with descriptions. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Address, C. A. SNOW & CO., Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C. A PAMPHLET, "How to obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Paris, France, has a street without a name. It is paved and lighted.

Hon. W. J. Connell, Ex-Congressman from Nebraska, and at present Omaha's City Attorney, writes:

"To Whom This Comes, Greeting: I take pleasure in recommending the virtues of the remedies prepared by the Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co. Having known of some remarkable cures of Omaha people affected by the use of Dr. Kay's Renovator and Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, I believe that these great remedies are worthy of the confidence of the public." Thousands of the most prominent people in America know that the above are facts and no remedies have affected so large a percent. of cures. Send for our large illustrated book. It has great value but will be sent free. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and Omaha, Neb.

Moscow's (Russia) orphan asylum is supported by a tax on playing cards.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mexico has had fifty-five Presidents since 1821. Of these, sixteen have died violent deaths.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A nutmeg tree of the largest size will produce no more than five pounds of nutmeg.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Protestants in France number rather less than two per cent. of the population.

Five Cents.

Everybody knows that Dobbins' Electric Soap is the best in the world, and for 30 years it has sold at the highest price. Its price is now 5 cents, same as common brown soap. Bars full size and quality. Order of grocer. *Ads*

In the Klondike region eggs are quoted at $1 apiece.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer knocks Colds.—JOHN DAMIANITZ, 401 Jefferson Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1898. 25c. a bottle.

It rains three days out of five in Glasgow, Scotland.

Soldiers

From the War

Bring the germs of malaria, fevers and other diseases, which may prove contagious in their own families. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a special boon to soldiers, because it eradicates all disease germs, builds up the debilitated system and brings back health. Every returned soldier and every friend and relative of soldiers should take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25c.

General Greene's Stars Ready For Him.

When General Greene reported his arrival with his staff to General Corbin a very pleasant incident occurred. He had learned of his promotion to be a Major-General upon his arrival at San Francisco, failing to receive the cablegram sent him to Manila, but he still wore the single star of the Brigadier-General's rank. General Corbin, however, furnished him with the two stars which marked his promotion, and then the party went to the White House, where they talked with the President regarding the situation in the Philippines. General Greene would not, however, discuss these matters for publication.—Washington Post.

Motor Cars.

Notwithstanding that the motor car industry is undoubtedly better developed and more active abroad than in the United States, yet some of the American companies are reported to have recently booked considerable numbers of orders in Paris and London, and one Chicago firm has announced its intention of opening branch offices in these two cities.

An Iron Mountain.

In Mexico, of Durango, Mexico, is an iron mountain 640 feet high, and the iron is from sixty to seventy per cent. pure. The metallic mass spreads in all directions for a radius of three or four miles. The entire deposit is sufficient to supply all the iron required in the world for a thousand years.

Disposing of Sewage.

Three years ago Paris began to dispose of its sewage after the manner of Berlin by turning it into fields planted with orchards and vegetables. One-fourth of the sewage is already thus disposed of, and it is hoped that in two years the whole of it will be.

SINGULAR STATEMENT.

From Mrs. Rank to Mrs. Pinkham

The following letter to Mrs. Pinkham from Mrs. M. RANK, No. 2,354 East Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., is a remarkable statement of relief from utter discouragement. She says:

"I never can find words with which to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.

"Some years ago I had womb trouble and doctored for a long time, not seeing any improvement. At times I would feel well enough, and other times was miserable. So it went on until last October, I felt something terrible creeping over me, I knew not what, but kept getting worse. I can hardly explain my feelings at that time. I was so depressed in spirits that I did not wish to live, although I had everything to live for. Had hysteria, was very nervous; could not sleep and was not safe to be left alone.

"Indeed, I thought I would lose my mind. No one knows what I endured.

"I continued this way until the last of February, when I saw in a paper a testimonial of a lady whose case was similar to mine, and who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I determined to try it, and felt better after the first dose. I continued taking it, and to-day am a well woman, and can say from my heart, 'Thank God for such a medicine.'"

Mrs. Pinkham invites all suffering women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. All such letters are seen and answered by women only.

THE OCCUPATION OF CUBA

First Order For the Movement of United States Troops Issued.

GEN. CARPENTER TO COMMAND.

Eighth Cavalry, Fifteenth Infantry, and Third Georgia Volunteers to Land in Cuba About November 22—Nuevitas and Porto Principe to be Garrisoned by Our Soldiers—Reason for the Order.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Secretary Alger has issued the first order looking to the military occupation of Cuba by the United States troops. The order was issued only after very careful consideration of the reports of the military officers now in Cuba, and of the Hecker Board and other expert Commissioners which have been in the field.

The plan looks to the occupation of two points to begin with, namely, Nuevitas and Porto Principe, but the occupation will be extended as rapidly as the Spanish evacuation proceeds. The Government is to begin at once, but according to the calculations of the Department it will be scarcely feasible to make the first landing before November 22.

Headquarters of the new corps, which has been created for the purpose of beginning the occupation will be at Nuevitas, under the command of General L. H. Carpenter. He was in command of the cavalry brigade, composed of the Sixth and Seventh Cavalry, at Huntsville, Ala. The order is as follows:

"The headquarters of the six troops of the Eighth United States Cavalry and the Third Georgia Volunteers will be at Nuevitas.

"Six troops of the Eighth United States Cavalry and the Fifteenth Infantry to Porto Principe.

"The regiments will be prepared for embarkation at once, and the Subsistence Department will arrange for the necessary rations. The command will be equipped and rationed for sixty days.

"The Quartermaster-General's Department will furnish the necessary wagon transportation for use at their new stations.

"The Surgeon-General will make provision for hospital and medical supplies.

"Brigadier-General L. H. Carpenter, United States Volunteers, is assigned to command these troops with headquarters at Nuevitas.

"The cavalry brigade composed of the Seventh and Eighth United States Cavalry is discontinued. The Seventh is assigned to the First Army Corps and the Eighth to the Second Army Corps.

"The Fifteenth United States Infantry is detached from the Fourth Army Corps, and an infantry brigade created, composed of the Third Georgia Volunteers and the Fifteenth United States Infantry, and designated as the Second Brigade, Third Division, Second Corps."

Nuevitas is a seaport at the eastern end on the northern shore of Cuba. Porto Principe is located in and about the central portion of the province of the same name. This general order has nothing to do with the assumption of control of the island by the United States, no change being made from January 1, the date agreed upon.

It was explained at the War Department that the first movement of troops to Cuba was ordered in advance of the date originally intended, for the reason that the Spanish Evacuation Commissioners had unexpectedly notified the American Commission that they intended to evacuate Porto Principe on the 22d of the present month. Consequently, it became necessary to have United States troops on hand in Cuba to replace these Spanish forces to maintain order and protect life and property.

MURDERS REVEALED BY A WOMAN.

Mrs. Myers Says Her Paramour Killed Two Men in the Desert.

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (Special).—The story of the murder of two men on the desert of southern Nevada in April last year has just been told by the mistress of the murderer.

Mrs. Myers was married on October 31, and on the next day she confessed that John Hancock, with whom she lived at the time, killed George Engelke, a veterinary surgeon of Southern California, and Peter Edmiston, of Canada, a contractor. The two men disappeared in the desert and no trace of them was found.

Mrs. Myers, with her small boy, accompanied Hancock from Southern California to Salt Lake. On the way they fell in with Engelke and Edmiston. Hancock wanted the property of the two men, and one night, when in the wild mountain country of Nevada, he told Mrs. Myers he was going to kill them. She tried vainly to dissuade him. He shot them both as they were asleep, buried the bodies under stones, and took their belongings.

Since then Mrs. Myers has lived in fear that Hancock would kill her as the only witness of his crime. Hancock is now in San Bernardino Jail. He is an ex-convict.

CUBANS STRIKE AT SANTIAGO.

Street Laborers Quit Work When Refused Higher Wages.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—The Cubans who have been employed in cleaning and repairing the streets of Santiago have struck for higher wages, though they have been receiving a dollar a day, or fifty cents and two rations—higher wages than have ever before been paid for similar work.

In fact, local employers of labor have been complaining of the high rate, alleging that it was quite impossible for them to compete with the Government on such terms. The Cuban laborers at the best are lazy and slipshod. They want an increase of fifty cents a day. General Leonard Wood absolutely refused to accede to the demand, and will adopt heroic measures if the strike is not promptly declared off.

The trouble is that many of the strikers have rations enough on hand to last a month or more, and they think they can coerce the United States authorities.

Germany Gets Turkish Territory.

Emperor William's visit to Constantinople has resulted in an agreement with the Sultan of Turkey whereby the latter gives the Kaiser the right to plant a large German colony along the whole frontier of Tripoli. This arrangement will protect the Sultan against French encroachments across the Tripoli-Tunis frontier and will avoid granting a concession in Asia Minor, which would induce Russia to demand compensation.

Georgia Lynchers Driven Off.

Will Robinson, a negro, charged with attempted assault on Mrs. R. S. Walker, was arrested at Augusta, Ga., a few days ago. About 500 armed men, including a number of soldiers in camp at Augusta, marched to the jail, in which twenty policemen had been stationed, and demanded the surrender of the negro. Upon being told by Jailer Collins that the would be defended, one of the attacking party shot at the policeman holding the lantern. The fire was returned. William Moore, a volunteer soldier on furlough, was shot through the head and will die. When he fell the attack was abandoned. None of the policemen was injured.

A State Bank to Liquidate.

The Bank of Commerce, of Chicago, a State bank with $500,000 capital and $1,000,000 deposits, has voted to go into voluntary liquidation. Its deposits and an equal amount of its bills receivable will be taken over by the Union National Bank. The affairs of the Bank of Commerce will be wound up by its directors and proceeds paid to its stockholders.

Shot Because She Would Not Elope.

Carl Doello, of Chicago, a musician, shot Mrs. Bertha Riedel a few days ago because she refused to leave her husband and elope with him. He then shot himself through the head, inflicting a fatal wound.

Two Men Shot to Death.

John Meadows shot and killed John and Clayton Mathews, brothers, at Pineville, Ky., a few days ago. Meadows was a school teacher. He surrendered, and is now in jail. Fagan, the most prominent witness, was found dead the day after in his store room, where he slept for years. The indications are that he was murdered.

Secretary Wilson's Award.

Secretary Wilson, at Washington, has awarded to the New York Market-Gardeners' Association the contract for furnishing all the seeds to the Agricultural Department for the current fiscal year, contract price is $70,978, and 14,238,168 packages of seed are to be furnished.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

A cable dispatch received at the Navy Department announced the arrival at Bahia of the colliers Justin, Scindia and Sterling, so that Captain Barker had in that harbor all of the squadron with which he sailed for Honolulu.

Secretary Long ordered the auxiliary cruiser Aileen turned over to the Brooklyn Naval Militia for its exclusive use.

The Treasury Department summary of commerce for September shows that for nine months there has been an increase of over $100,000,000 in exports.

Consul-General Gowey, at Yokohama, reports to the State Department that notwithstanding the low wages paid in Japan to watchmakers, the business is not a paying one, according to the report of a member of the Osaka Watch Company. Lack of skill among the mechanics is one of the reasons assigned for this state of affairs.

Mrs. Florence George and Miss Kittie McAtee were killed by a railroad train at Landon station, a suburban village. They had been attending a birthday party at the home of Isaac D. Porter, who is Mrs. George's son-in-law. On their way to the station to take a train to the city they were struck by a train going in the opposite direction.

The President appointed Colonel W. S. Worth, of the Sixteenth Infantry in the regular service and a Brigadier-General in the volunteer service, to be a Brigadier-General in the regular army, vice Coppinger, retired.

General Bacon, who commanded the soldiers in the recent fight with Pillager Indians at Leech Lake, Minn., has made a report to the War Department. He warmly praises the conduct of the officers and men engaged in the battle.

Domestic.

The War Investigating Commission and its committee at Lexington, Ky., heard further testimony on Wednesday bearing upon the alleged inefficiency and negligence of army officials.

Four fast trotting horses, valued at $3800 to $4000, were burned to death at Woronoco Park, Westfield, Mass.

Charles Offutt, a well-known attorney, while temporarily deranged through ill-ness at Omaha, Neb., shot himself through the head, dying instantly. Mr. Offutt was a native of Kentucky and was twice Speaker of the House of the Kentucky Legislature.

While playing in front of his home in Brooklyn, Robert Baier, eight years old, ran in front of a trolley car and before the car could be stopped was crushed to death under the motor box.

A State election in Texas was held a few days ago for the purpose of voting on a Constitutional amendment to pension all indigent ex-Confederate soldiers who came to Texas since 1880 at $8 per month. A very light vote was cast. It is believed that the amendment will carry, but it will require a two-thirds vote.

Dr. Wheeler, of Bellevue Hospital, New York City, subdued with hypnotism a sailor in an epileptic fit whom five policemen could not control.

It was reported in Philadelphia that England had bought American coal for her stations in the West Indies.

A strike of 125 girls in the packing department of the Continental match factory at Passaic, N. J., against a reduction of wages caused the shutting down of the whole plant, which employs 900 persons.

The first test in this country of armor-plate made by the Krupp process took place at the works of the Bethlehem Iron Company, Bethlehem, Penn., was a great success.

Soldiers of the United States Volunteer Infantry of colored immunes at Chickamauga Park, Ga., stoned several trains because they were not allowed to ride in the ladies' cars of the rapid transit line.

Gideon W. Marsh, the fugitive President of the Keystone Bank, returned to Philadelphia, Penn., after seven years' absence, and surrendered to his bondsman.

Mrs. Russell Sage, of New York City, offered to present the Government with a hotel in Virginia, formerly a health resort, as a hospital to accommodate 1000 soldiers. The offer was declined because of the inaccessibility of the site.

This year's foreign shipments of iron and steel will prove by far the heaviest in the country's history, and unquestionably they have saved the home trade from having to accept prices lower even than those ruling, which it is acknowledged leave very narrow margins of profit.

John F. Coyle, of the Nineteenth (regular) Infantry, at home in St. Louis, Mo., on a furlough, was shot and killed by John Doerr, of the Twenty-first (regular) Infantry, home on sick leave. The men quarrelled over a girl living near Coyle's home. Coyle was twenty-four years old and married. Doerr is twenty-one and single.

Friendly Chinese in San Francisco, Cal., have warned Dr. Garner, who is trying to suppress the trade in slave girls, that the Highbinders have decided to take his life if he continues his crusade.

R. R. Evans, a business man of Thomasville, Ga., was shot and killed a few days ago by Dr. J. G. Hopkins during a quarrel over a business transaction.

Governor Cook, of Connecticut, reprieved Benjamin R. Willis, the Fairfield County murderer, who was to have been executed November 4, until December 30. Willis was convicted of murdering David S. R. Lambert in Wilton, Conn., December 1897.

Nancy J. Barger, a centenarian, of Bellefonte, Penn., died at the age of 106 years and one month. Five children survive, the oldest being Samuel Barger, aged eighty-four years. Mrs. Barger was in possession of all her faculties until her death.

Foreign.

The Italian Government decided to reduce the duty on wheat.

The Earl and Countess of Minto left London for Canada, where the Earl will assume the duties of Governor-General.

The Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd steamship companies complained to the German Foreign Office of American health regulations caused by deaths from bubonic plague in Vienna, Austria.

Mrs. Nancy Guilford, of Bridgeport, Conn., arrested in London, and whose extradition to the United States on the charge of murder in the second degree in connection with the death of Emma Gill, the victim of the Yellow Mill Pond tragedy, has been granted, will sail for New York in custody of Detective Cronan, of the Bridgeport police.

Prime Minister Schreiner introduced a bill in the Cape Colony Assembly providing for a perpetual contribution of $150,000 annually to the imperial navy. The proposal was loudly cheered.

A great fire in Serinagur, one of the capitals of Cashmere, in the Vale of Cashmere, India, destroyed all the public buildings and many houses. One man was killed.

The Baroness de Roque has by no means given up all hopes of obtaining the release of her daughter, Mrs. Maybrick. The Baroness held a conference with Henry White, United States Charge d'Affaires in London, a few days ago, and also paid a visit of cheer to the prisoner.

A Frenchman was arrested at Dover, England, for attempting to enter the big gun turret on the Admiralty pier there.

The Novoe Vremya, of St. Petersburg, Russia, expresses jealousy of the facilities granted to English companies now working in the oil fields of the Caucasus. It suggests that the American Standard Oil Company "may be buying up Russian competitors at Baku behind an English mask."

The wives of Generals Brooke, Sheridan and Grant arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico, a few days ago, on board the United States transport Obdam.

As the transport Port Victor was about to leave Santiago on Wednesday General Wood found that she lacked proper stores and delicacies for the sick, and that she was insufficiently provided with medicines.

Ernest Terah Hooley, the English company promoter, in a London court a few days ago named many men of high position in London whose influence he claims to have bought in establishing his varied enterprises.

The Porte has addressed a note to the foreign embassies reverting to the question of the maintenance of a sufficient force of troops in Crete to assure the protection of the Turkish flag.

President Heureaux, of San Domingo, says it has been arranged that export duties are payable in gold coin. He also announces that the National Bank will be reorganized and will issue certificates redeemable in gold. This is regarded as assuring stability for the rates of exchange.

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A majority of the representatives of the Cuban Army at the council in session at Santa Cruz del Sur are said to be in favor of disbanding the army and dissolving the Insurgent Government.

PHILIPPINES DEMANDED.

Spanish Commissioners Informed That We Want the Entire Group.

THE PRESIDENT'S INSTRUCTIONS.

We Will Assume That Part of the Debt Which Was Incurred to Benefit the Islanders—President McKinley is Satisfied That Sentiment is For the Keeping of All of the Islands.

PARIS, France (By Cable).—At the joint meeting of the Peace Commissioners held on Monday the American Commissioners presented a written expression of the purpose of the United States to take the entire group of Philippine Islands and to assume such proportion of the Philippine debt as has been spent for the benefit of the islands or their inhabitants, in public works, improvements and permanent betterments.

It was also set forth that the United States would not assume any part of the Philippine debt which had been incurred by Spain for the furtherance of military or naval operations to quell insurrections of the natives.

PRESIDENT FAVORS ANNEXATION.

Our Commissioners Were Instructed to Demand the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The advices from Paris to the effect that the United States Peace Commissioners have demanded the cession to the United States of the entire Philippine group is in line with the instructions that have been issued to the representatives of the United States.

Of course before they departed from Washington much consideration had been given to the subject by the President, Secretary Day, Assistant Secretary Moore, and the members of the commission. But there was a lack of data as to the financial and political affairs of the Philippines, and so it happened that when the United States Commissioners sailed they were not committed beyond change to any line of policy.

A majority of their number leaned toward a restriction of the demands to be put forth as the Philippines, varying all the way from the retention of Manila Bay and the immediately surrounding country to the acquisition of the whole island of Luzon. That represented about the extreme demand that was in mind when the commission left. But since that time the very slight vote was cast. It is believed that the amendment will carry, but it will require a two-thirds vote.

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THE NEW FRENCH CABINET.

M. Dupuy, the New Premier, Has Made Up His List of Ministers.

PARIS, France (By Cable).—The new Cabinet is constituted as follows: Premier and Minister of the Interior, M. Dupuy; Minister of Justice, M. Lebret; Minister of War, M. de Freycinet; Minister of Marine, M. Lockroy; Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcasse, Minister of Finance, M. Peytral; Minister of Public Instruction, M. Leygues; Minister of Commerce, M. Deloncle; Minister of the Colonies, M. Guillain; Minister of Agriculture, M. Viger; Minister of Public Works, M. Krantz.

M. Dupuy's Cabinet as now formed consists of four Conservative Republicans and the rest are Radical Republicans. Of the eleven names, MM. Dupuy and de Freycinet have been Premiers of France; MM. Lockroy, Peytral, Delcasse and Viger have been Ministers in former Cabinets. MM. Lockroy, Peytral, Viger and Delcasse held their present portfolios in the late Brisson Cabinet.

Japan's Cabinet Resigns.

YOKOHAMA, Japan (By Cable).—The whole Cabinet has resigned, the Ministers being unable to agree upon the question of filling the portfolio of Education. Thus the first attempt at party government in Japan has proved a failure.

THE CZAR'S PEACE ASSEMBLY.

All the Powers Accept the Invitation to Attend Disarmament Conference.

LONDON (By Cable)—It is announced from St. Petersburg that all the Powers have now accepted the Czar's invitation to send delegates to the proposed disarmament conference. Each power will be represented by three delegates, and it will be a record diplomatic assembly in point of numbers.

Count Muravieff, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, is going to Livadia, where he will confer with the Czar on the outlines of the programmes which will be submitted to the delegates of the Powers.

THREE PER CENT. WAR BONDS.

Issue Practically Completed—Highest Single Allotment $4480.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Treasury Department has practically completed the issue of the $200,000,000 of three per cent. bonds authorized at the last session of Congress.

The highest allotment of bonds to any one subscriber will be $4480. Subscribers for $4500 will receive $1300 each, and possibly a few hundred dollars in addition. The amount, if any, however, will depend upon the result of a suit now pending to compel the Secretary to issue to subscribers about $500,000 on subscriptions rejected by the department on the ground that they were irregular.

The Torpedo Boat Farragut a Flyer.

The torpedo boat Farragut was speeded a few days ago at San Francisco, Cal., over a measured mile in order to standardize her screw. Her maximum speed was 31.78 knots and her average was 30.14, a trifle above the required speed.

Miss Mainz Gets $12,500.

Miss Traise V. Mainz, the plaintiff in the $50,000 breach of promise case at Providence, R. I., against Benedict B. Lederer, the wealthy manufacturing jeweler of Providence and New York, was given $12,500 by a jury.

Chinese Troops in Pekin.

European residents of Pekin, China, are in a state of alarm at the drafting into that city of large bodies of Chinese troops as a counterpoise to the recent arrival there of guards for the foreign legations. The native soldiers are very turbulent, and this, coupled with the anti-foreign riots at Canton, has caused great uneasiness among among the foreigners, who number about 150.

The Maria Teresa Sails.

The ex-Spanish warship Maria Teresa sailed from Caimanera, Cuba, for Norfolk, Va., escorted by the Vulcan and the Leonidas.

Jose Maceo's Widow Starving.

The widow of the Cuban General, Jose Maceo, brother of Antonio Maceo, was one of the applicants for rations at the American free distribution depots at Santiago de Cuba a few days ago. The woman had been on the verge of starvation for some weeks. She has several children. General Wood issued orders that ten rations be given to her daily.

Emperor William to Hurry Home.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany will cut short their visit to the Holy Land. They have abandoned their trip to Jericho, owing to the European complications. It is also believed they will not go to Syria.

A Nation of Dyspeptics.

From the Mountaineer, Walhalla, N. Dakota.

The remorse of a guilty stomach is what a large majority of the people are suffering with to-day. Dyspepsia is a characteristic American disease and it is frequently stated that "we are a nation of dyspeptics."

Improper food, hurried eating, mental worry, exhaustion—any of these produce a lack of vitality in the system, by causing the blood to lose its life-sustaining elements. The blood is the vital element in our lives and should be carefully nurtured. Restore it to its proper condition, dyspepsia will vanish and good health follow.

For example, in the county of Pembina, North Dakota, a few miles from Walhalla, resides Mr. Earnest Snider; a man of sterling integrity, whose veracity cannot be doubted. He says:

The Doctors Disagreed.

"I became seriously ill three years ago. The doctor gave me medicine for indigestion, but I continued to become worse. I had several physicians at intervals who gave me some relief, but the disease would return with all its accustomed severity.

"I read in the newspapers articles regarding the wonderful curative powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and finally concluded to try the pills. Five months ago I bought six boxes. The first box gave me much relief, and after using four boxes I was cured."

These pills are recognized everywhere as a specific for diseases of the blood and nerves. For paralysis, locomotor ataxia, and other diseases long supposed incurable, they have proved their efficacy in thousands of cases.

JOHN WANAMAKER ARRESTED.

Charged With Slander by Pennsylvania's Former Public Printer.

ROCHESTER, Penn. (Special).—Ex-Postmaster-General Wanamaker was arrested as he stepped from a train here on Wednesday on a charge of slander preferred by Thomas Robinson, the veteran editor and former Superintendent of Public Printing. Colonel Robinson left Harrisburg a few months ago, when he resigned the office of Superintendent of Public Printing and returned to his home in Butler.

Recently, in a speech, Mr. Wanamaker criticised the former Superintendent for his part in the printing on the famous bulletin on "Diseases and Enemies of Poultry," which caused a scandal and involved an expense of over $60,000 to the State.

Robinson has always contended that he was innocent of any wrongdoing and that he simply performed his duty. It is supposed that the suit grows out of this matter.

Mr. Wanamaker came here to address a political meeting. After the Sheriff of Beaver County had served the summons at the railway station Mr. Wanamaker who was not put under bonds, made his speech.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Business All Over the Country is Very Active and the Outlook Bright.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Bradstreet's says: In distributive trade reports of bad weather interfering with regular demand and collections, but of stimulating retail trade in heavy winter goods, come from the West and Northwest, where also came advices of bad roads crippling farmers' ability to deliver wheat to market. Against this, however, might be cited the fact that primary receipts of wheat are fully equal to those of last year. All advices as to railroad traffic point to Western and Southern railroads being taxed to their utmost to handle the business offering, with gross earnings showing gains over last year's exceptionally good results. A great burst of activity in nearly all lines has followed the freeing of the lower Mississippi valley section from the numerous quarantines, and country buying is reported active, being partially stimulated by colder weather in that section. From the Pacific Coast, particularly Puget Sound and Columbia River points, the advices are of very active trade, heavy grain receipts being largely absorbed by mills working on export orders and of increasing trade with our new dependencies.

MRS. DRUCE WINS HER SUIT.

An Order Granted That Her Father-in-Law's Grave May Be Opened.

LONDON (By Cable).—Mrs. Anna Maria Druce, daughter-in-law of the late Thomas C. Druce, who, she asserts, was in fact and in law the fifth Duke of Portland, obtained a final order in the High Court of Appeal directing the Chancellor and Faculty of the Diocese of London to issue her a permit to open and inspect the coffin, now in the vaults of Highgate Cemetery, alleged to contain the remains of her father-in-law or of a man buried as Thomas Charles Druce.

Mrs. Anna Maria Druce claims that her father-in-law's alleged death and burial under the name of Druce were deceptions, and that he lived and finally died, after having been under the care of Dr. Forbes Winslow, in a lunatic asylum, as Dr. Harner. Her son, who she asserts is the rightful Duke of Portland, and for whom her present proceedings are taken, is, or has been until recently, a domestic servant. He was last heard of in Australia.

THE IDENTITY OF DE ROUGEMONT

Mrs. Grien, of Sydney, Says the Australian Story-Spinner is Her Husband.

SYDNEY, N. S. W. (By Cable).—When the London Chronicle publishes the statement of William May, an old diver, of Leeds, to the effect that Louis De Rougemont was none other than Henri Louis Grien, or Green, of this city, it establishes the identity of the man who has been selling all England agape with his stories of Crusoe-like life on a queer island of the Micronesian Archipelego.

Mrs. Grien lives in Sydney, and she has recognized the portrait of De Rougemont as that of her husband, and said that she had heard from him in England through relatives there. Her husband left here presumably for New Zealand last May and she has not seen him since. Mrs. Grien is the daughter of a Queensland property owner and a woman who is connected with several of the best families of Australia. She was married to Grien in Newtown in 1883.

MAINE VICTIMS REMEMBERED.

Grave of the Drowned Sailors at Havana Decorated.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—General Wade and General Butler, of the United States Evacuation Commission, went to the Colon Cemetery to lay flowers on the grave of the victims of the Maine disaster on Wednesday. In the course of the afternoon a number of other officers visited the cemetery.

Just after Generals Wade and Butler had left the Hotel Trocha for the cemetery, carrying the floral crown made by the committee of young Cuban girls who had asked the privilege of paying this tribute to the dead, a carriage was driven up to the hotel with representatives of the Cuban Club, who brought an immense floral cross to lay upon the grave.

On learning that Generals Wade and Butler had already gone to the cemetery the Cubans followed and overtook them in time to place both offerings together.

Two Women Acquitted of Murder.

Miss Minnie Saxton, who, on learning that her sister, Susan, was to be married, shot and killed her on August 22 last, was acquitted at Toronto, Ont., of the charge of murder on the ground of insanity. Mrs. Isabella Burrell was also acquitted in the Criminal Court at Toronto on a charge of murdering her three little children on October 21 last. She was adjudged insane, and will be sent to an asylum.

A New Entrance to the Yukon.

A newly discovered entrance to the mouth of the Yukon River, in Alaska, will save four hundred or five hundred miles in reaching the Yukon region, and give deeper water for vessels than available heretofore.

Mules Thrive in Cuban Climate.

Out of 1200 mules sent to Cuba from the United States only twenty-two have died, which speaks well for one branch of the service.

The Cuban Newspaper.

The Cuban newspaper is a misnomer. It is a paper, but the lack of news is as conspicuous as it is in most of the country weeklies of the "States." The make-up of the paper is what we call in the North "blacksmith work." The style of type and the head lines are as ancient as the history of Cuba, and the general appearance of the paper is an offense to good taste. The so-called news is as unsatisfying as is the food known as the Spanish bean; possessing bulk without substance. For instance, La Lucha will say in the notes regarding the work of the American Commission, "To-day Mr. —— delivered to General Blanco (or some one else) a sealed paper of importance." This is all. What the character of the communication was or any other information relating to it that would in any way make it an item of news is not given. The editorials sometimes possess some pith and point, but the news columns are a barren waste. How much of this is due to the censorship and how much to the lack of energy and a "nose for news" can not be said. The resident laughs at the paper from the "States," but it will be noticed that if he knows how to read he wants the said paper as soon as he can get it, and, while he will tell you he does not believe a word he reads in it, he gets very angry when the paper reports something some official of the United States has said derogatory to the Spanish character. It is all a pack of lies, but he believes it just the same, and he bases his